



# Introduction to High Quality Water Infrastructure in Japan

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### Total length of water supply pipes in Japan

#### **644,723** km = **16** rounds of the earth



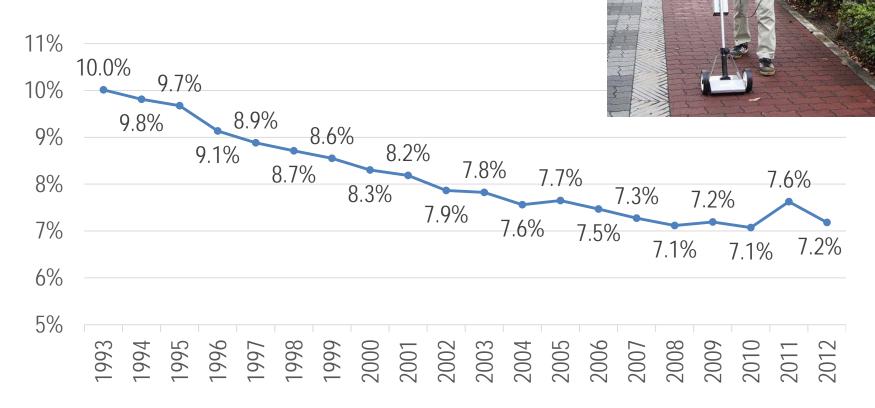
### Waterworks in Japan

First Modern Waterworks: Yokohama in 1887 Average Supply Volume: 326 LCD

		2010	2011	2015
Total Population	1,000 capita	128,000	127,713	127,440
Water Supply Population	1,000 capita	124,817	124,657	124,466
Coverage Ratio		97.5%	97.6%	97.8%
Daily Maximum Water Supply Volume	1,000 m <sup>3</sup>	48,149	47,240	46,383
Daily Average Water Supply Volume	1,000 m <sup>3</sup>	41,482	40,838	40,611

### Reduction of Water Leakage

Water Leakage: 7.2% (JPN Ave.) Tokyo Metro.: 2.0% (2012)



Reduction of water loss

### Energy recovery from sewage sludge



Small-scale hydropower station

#### **VVVF Inverter Pumps**

- Variable flow
- Max. 50% energy saving

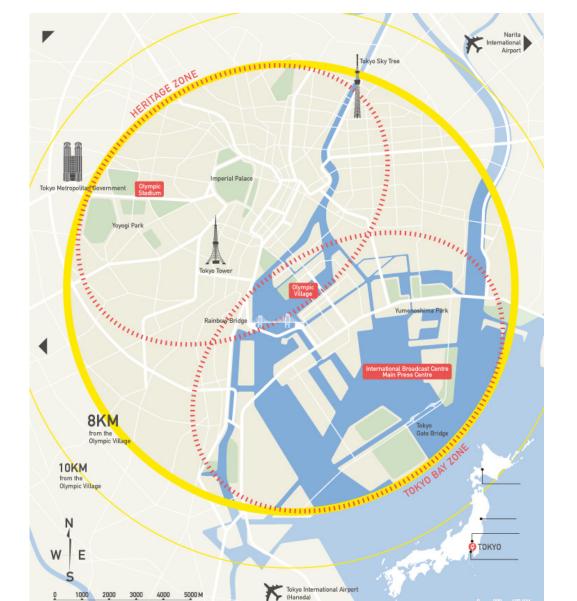
### City-wide energy saving in Water Supply



### Tokyo Olympic Game 2020











# Water reclamation and reuse by advanced wastewater treatment

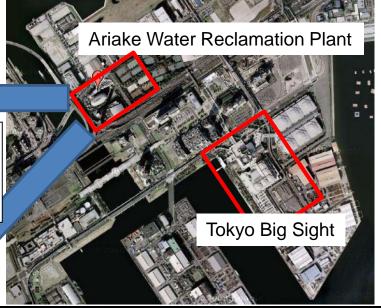


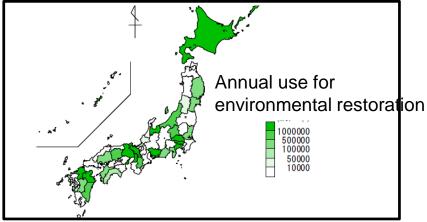
BOD < 1mg/L COD 9mg/L T-N 11.5 mg/L T-P 0.3 mg/L

Improvement of landscape water quality

ODAIBA Seaside Park

Train washing
Toilet flushing





### Energy recovery from sewage sludge

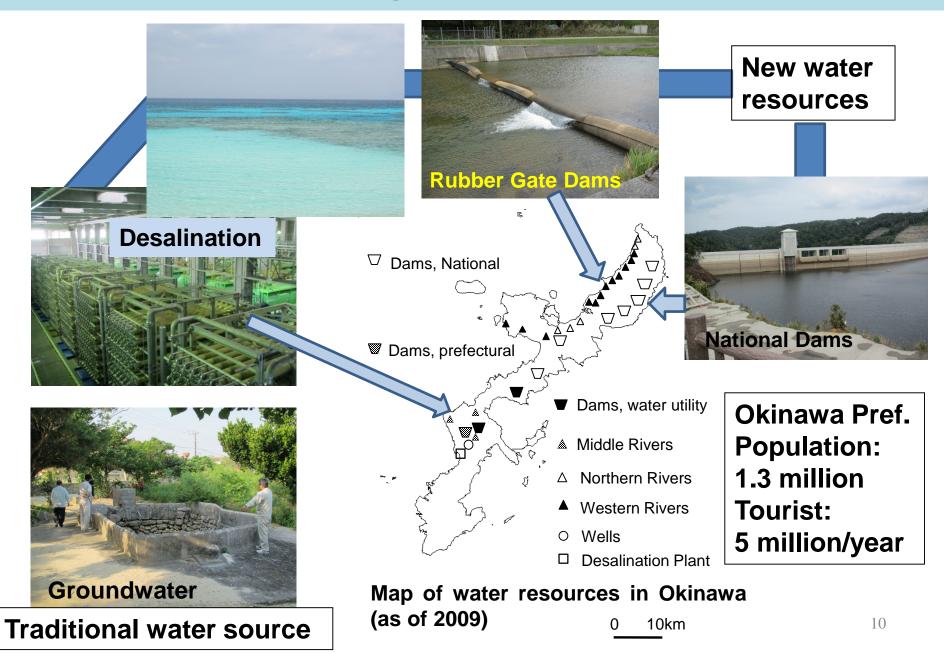


Egg-Shape Sludge Digester

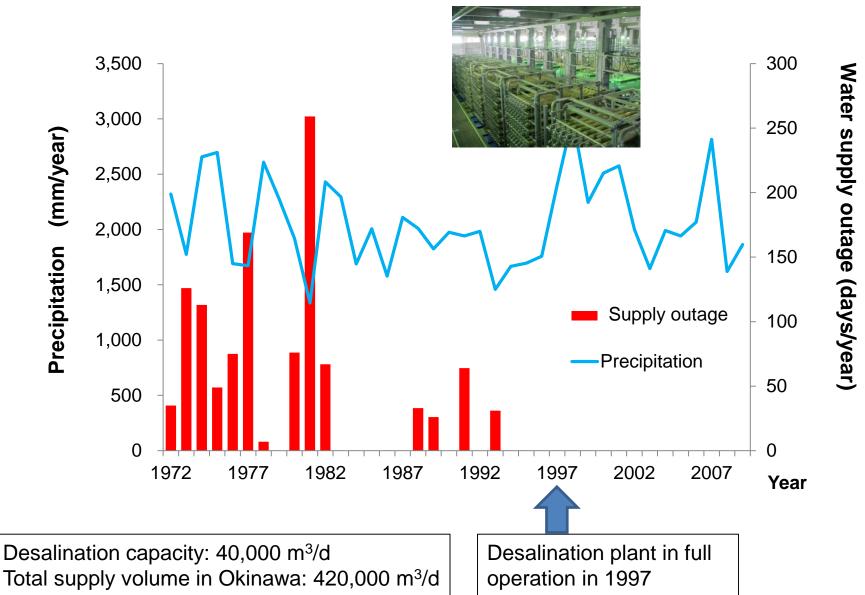
Fuel Production from Sludge



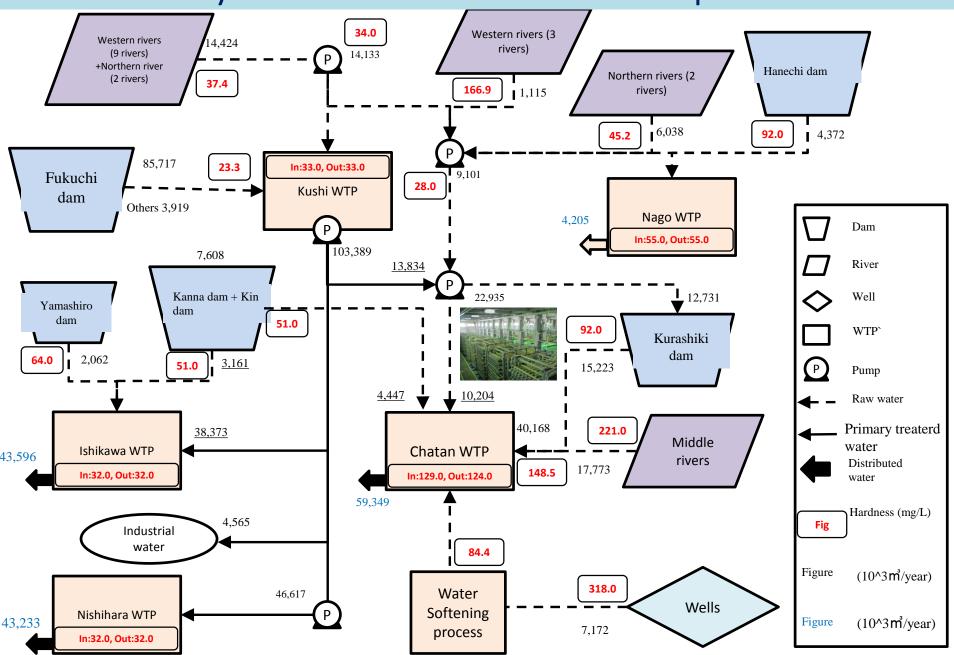
### Water shortage in Okinawa Island



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#### Water Systems in Okinawa Island: Multiple sources

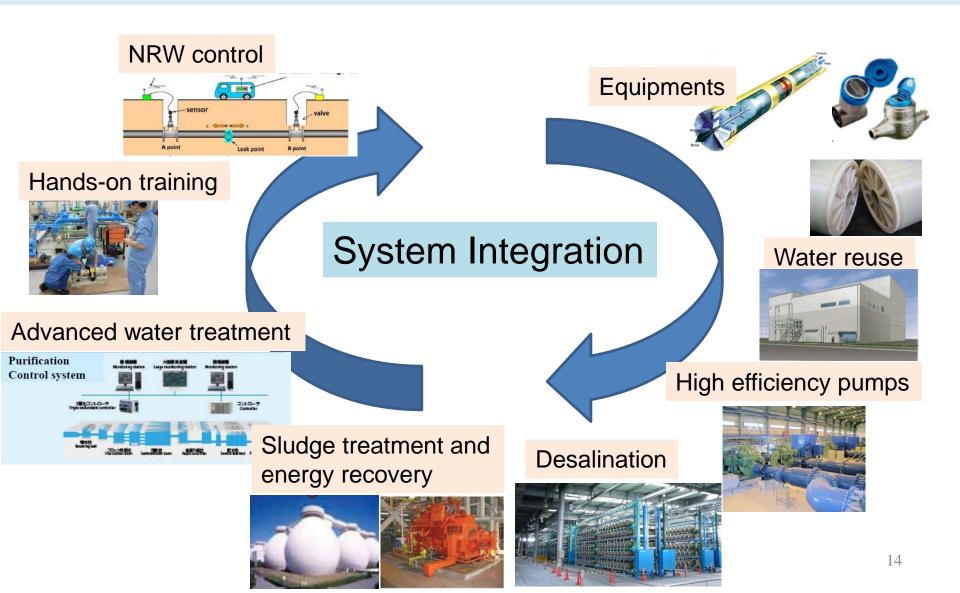


### Water Supply System in Japan

### Integrated management of water systems

- 1. Increasing water use efficiency by water saving and demand reduction
- 2. Leakage control
- 3. Source water protection
- 4. Advanced water treatment
- 5. Water quality management in pipes and at points of use
- 6. Anti-seismic structure and countermeasures

# Japanese water technologies supporting sustainable cities of the future



## We welcome you to come and see the advanced water technologies in Japan.



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