Annex I
Reservations for Measures referred to in paragraph 1 of Article 6

1. The Schedule of a Contracting Party sets out, pursuant to paragraph 1 of Article 6, the reservations taken by that Contracting Party with respect to existing measures that do not conform with obligations imposed by:

(a) Paragraph 1 of Article 2 (National Treatment);

(b) Paragraph 3 of Article 2 (Most-Favored-Nation Treatment); or

(c) Article 5 (Prohibition of Performance Requirements).

2. Each reservation sets out the following elements:

(a) “Sector” refers to the general sector in which the reservation is taken;

(b) “Sub-Sector” refers to the specific sector in which the reservation is taken;

(c) “Industry Classification” refers, where applicable, only for transparency purposes, to the activity covered by the reservation according to domestic or international industry classification codes;

(d) “Type of Reservation” specifies the obligations referred to in paragraph 1 for which the reservation is taken;

(e) “Level of Government” indicates the level of government maintaining the measure for which the reservation is taken;

(f) “Measures” identifies the existing laws, regulations or other measures for which the reservation is taken. A measure cited in the “Measures” element:

   (i) means the measure as amended, continued, or renewed as of the date of entry into force of this Agreement; and

   (ii) includes any subordinate measure adopted or maintained under the authority of and consistent with the measure; and
(g) “Description” sets out, with regard to the obligations referred to in paragraph 1, the non-conforming aspects of the existing measures for which the reservation is taken.

3. In the interpretation of a reservation, all elements of the reservation shall be considered. A reservation shall be interpreted in the light of the relevant provisions of this Agreement against which the reservation is taken, and the “Measures” element shall prevail over all other elements.

4. For the purposes of this Annex I, the term “JSIC” means Japan Standard Industrial Classification set out by the Ministry of Internal Affairs and Communications, and revised on November 6, 2007.
1 Sector: Finance
Sub-Sector: Banking

Industry Classification:
- JSIC 622 Banks, except central bank
- JSIC 631 Financial institutions for small-businesses

Type of Reservation: National Treatment (Paragraph 1 of Article 2)
Level of Government: Central Government
Measures: Deposit Insurance Law (Law No. 34 of 1971), Article 2
Description: The deposit insurance system only covers financial institutions which have their head offices within the jurisdiction of Japan. The deposit insurance system does not cover deposits taken by branches of foreign banks.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Sector:</strong></th>
<th>Heat Supply</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Sub-Sector:</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Industry Classification:</strong></td>
<td>JSIC 3511 Heat Supply</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Type of Reservation:</strong></td>
<td>National Treatment (Paragraph 1 of Article 2)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Level of Government:</strong></td>
<td>Central Government</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Measures:</strong></td>
<td>Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law (Law No. 228 of 1949), Article 27 Cabinet Order on Foreign Direct Investment (Cabinet Order No. 261 of 1980), Article 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Description:</strong></td>
<td>The prior notification requirement under the Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law applies to foreign investors who intend to make investment in heat supply industry in Japan.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3 Sector: Information and Communications
Sub-Sector: Telecommunications

Industry Classification:
- JSIC 3700: Head offices primarily engaged in managerial operations
- JSIC 3711: Regional telecommunications, except wire broadcast telephones
- JSIC 3731: Services incidental to telecommunications

Type of Reservation: National Treatment (Paragraph 1 of Article 2)

Prohibition of Performance Requirements (Article 5)

Level of Government: Central Government

Measures: Law Concerning Nippon Telegraph and Telephone Corporation (Law No. 85 of 1984), Articles 6 and 10

Description: 1. Nippon Telegraph and Telephone Corporation may not enter the name and address in its register of shareholders if the aggregate of the ratio of the voting rights directly and/or indirectly held by the persons set forth in subparagraphs (a) through (c) reaches or exceeds one third:

(a) a natural person who does not have Japanese nationality;

(b) a foreign government or its representative; and

(c) a foreign legal person or a foreign entity.
2. Any natural person who does not have Japanese nationality may not assume the office of director or auditor of Nippon Telegraph and Telephone Corporation, Nippon Telegraph and Telephone East Corporation and Nippon Telegraph and Telephone West Corporation.
4 Sector: Information and Communications

Sub-Sector: Telecommunications and Internet Based Services

Industry Classification:
- JSIC 3711: Regional telecommunications, except wire broadcast telephones
- JSIC 3712: Long-distance telecommunications
- JSIC 3719: Miscellaneous fixed telecommunications
- JSIC 3721: Mobile telecommunications
- JSIC 401: Internet based services

Note: The activities covered by the reservation under JSIC 3711, 3712, 3719, 3721 or 401 are limited to the activities which are subject to the registration obligation under Article 9 of the Telecommunications Business Law (Law No. 86 of 1984).

Type of Reservation: National Treatment
(Paragraph 1 of Article 2)

Level of Government: Central Government

Measures: Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law (Law No. 228 of 1949), Article 27
Cabinet Order on Foreign Direct Investment (Cabinet Order No. 261 of 1980), Article 3

Description: The prior notification requirement under the Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law applies to foreign investors who intend to make investments in telecommunications business and internet based services in Japan.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sector:</th>
<th>Manufacturing</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sub-Sector:</td>
<td>Drugs and Medicines Manufacturing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Industry Classification:</td>
<td>JSIC 1653 Biological preparations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Type of Reservation:</td>
<td>National Treatment (Paragraph 1 of Article 2)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Level of Government:</td>
<td>Central Government</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Measures:</td>
<td>Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law (Law No. 228 of 1949), Article 27</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Cabinet Order on Foreign Direct Investment (Cabinet Order No. 261 of 1980), Article 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Description:</td>
<td>The prior notification requirement under the Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law applies to foreign investors who intend to make investments in biological preparations manufacturing industry in Japan. For greater certainty, &quot;biological preparations manufacturing industry&quot; deals with economic activities in establishment which mainly produces vaccine, serum, toxoid, antitoxin and some preparations similar to the aforementioned products, or blood products.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
6 Sector: Manufacturing
Sub-Sector: Leather and Leather Products Manufacturing
Industry Classification:

| JSIC 1189 | Textile apparel and accessories, n.e.c. |
| JSIC 1694 | Gelatine and adhesives |
| JSIC 192 | Rubber and plastic footwear and its findings |
| JSIC 2011 | Leather tanning and finishing |
| JSIC 2021 | Mechanical leather products, except gloves and mittens |
| JSIC 2031 | Cut stock and findings for boots and shoes |
| JSIC 2041 | Leather footwear |
| JSIC 2051 | Leather gloves and mittens |
| JSIC 2061 | Baggage |
| JSIC 207 | Handbags and small leather cases |
| JSIC 2081 | Fur skins |
| JSIC 2099 | Miscellaneous leather products |
| JSIC 3253 | Sporting and athletic goods |

Note 1: The activities covered by the reservation under JSIC 1189 or 3253 are limited to the activities related to leather and leather products manufacturing.
Note 2: The activities covered by the reservation under JSIC 1694 are limited to the activities related to animal glue (nikawa) and gelatine manufacturing.

Type of Reservation: National Treatment (Paragraph 1 of Article 2)

Level of Government: Central Government

Measures:
- Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law (Law No. 228 of 1949), Article 27
- Cabinet Order on Foreign Direct Investment (Cabinet Order No. 261 of 1980), Article 3

Description: The prior notification requirement under the Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law applies to foreign investors who intend to make investment in leather and leather products manufacturing industry in Japan.
Sector: Matters Related to the Nationality of a Ship

Sub-Sector:

Industry Classification:

Type of Reservation: National Treatment (Paragraph 1 of Article 2)

Prohibition of Performance Requirements (Article 5)

Level of Government: Central Government

Measures: Ship Law (Law No. 46 of 1899), Article 1

Description: The Japanese nationality shall be given to a ship whose owner is a Japanese national, or a company established under Japanese law, of which all the representatives and not less than two-thirds of the executives administering the affairs are Japanese nationals.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sector:</th>
<th>Mining</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sub-Sector:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Industry Classification:</td>
<td>JSIC 05 Mining and quarrying of stone and gravel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Type of Reservation:</td>
<td>National Treatment (Paragraph 1 of Article 2)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Level of Government:</td>
<td>Central Government</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Measures:</td>
<td>Mining Law (Law No. 289 of 1950), Chapters 2 and 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Description:</td>
<td>Only a Japanese national or a Japanese legal person may have mining rights or mining lease rights.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sector:</td>
<td>Oil Industry</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------</td>
<td>--------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sub-Sector:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Industry Classification:</td>
<td>JSIC 053 Crude petroleum and natural gas production</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>JSIC 1711 Petroleum refining</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>JSIC 1721 Lubricating oils and greases (not made in petroleum refineries)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>JSIC 1741 Paving materials</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>JSIC 1799 Miscellaneous petroleum and coal products</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>JSIC 4711 Ordinary warehousing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>JSIC 4721 Refrigerated warehousing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>JSIC 5331 Petroleum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>JSIC 6051 Petrol stations (gasoline service stations)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>JSIC 6052 Fuel stores, except gasoline service stations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>JSIC 9299 Miscellaneous business services, n.e.c.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note 1:** The activities covered by the reservation under JSIC 1741, 1799, 4711, 4721 or 6052 are limited to the activities related to oil industry.

**Note 2:** The activities covered by the reservation under JSIC 9299 are limited to liquefied petroleum gas industry.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of Reservation:</th>
<th>National Treatment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(Paragraph 1 of Article 2)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Level of Government:</td>
<td>Central Government</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Measures: Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law (Law No. 228 of 1949), Article 27
Cabinet Order on Foreign Direct Investment (Cabinet Order No. 261 of 1980), Article 3

Description: The prior notification requirement under the Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law applies to foreign investors who intend to make investment in oil industry in Japan. All organic chemicals such as ethylene, ethylene glycol and polycarbonates are outside the scope of the oil industry. Therefore, prior notification under the Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law is not required for the investment in the manufacture of these products.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sector:</th>
<th>Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries, and Related Services (except Fisheries within the Territorial Sea, Internal Waters, Exclusive Economic Zone and Continental Shelf provided for in the reservation No. 7 in List in Annex II)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sub-Sector:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Industry Classification:</td>
<td>JSIC 01 Agriculture</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>JSIC 02 Forestry</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>JSIC 03 fisheries, except aquaculture</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>JSIC 04 Aquaculture</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>JSIC 6324 Agricultural cooperatives</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>JSIC 6325 Fishery and fishery processing cooperatives</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>JSIC 871 Agriculture, forestry and fisheries cooperative associations, n.e.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Type of Reservation:</td>
<td>National Treatment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(Paragraph 1 of Article 2)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Level of Government:</td>
<td>Central Government</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Measures:</td>
<td>Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law (Law No. 228 of 1949), Article 27</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Cabinet Order on Foreign Direct Investment (Cabinet Order No. 261 of 1980), Article 3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The prior notification requirement under the Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law applies to foreign investors who intend to make investments in agriculture, forestry and fisheries, and related services (except fisheries within the territorial sea, internal waters, exclusive economic zone and continental shelf provided for in the reservation No. 7 in List in Annex II) in Japan.
11 Sector: Security Guard Services

Sub-Sector:

Industry Classification: JSIC 9231 Guard services

Type of Reservation: National Treatment (Paragraph 1 of Article 2)

Level of Government: Central Government

Measures: Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law (Law No. 228 of 1949), Article 27

Cabinet Order on Foreign Direct Investment (Cabinet Order No. 261 of 1980), Article 3

Description: The prior notification requirement under the Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law applies to foreign investors who intend to make investments in security guard services in Japan.
12 Sector: Transport
Sub-Sector: Air Transport

Industry Classification:
- JSIC 4600: Head offices primarily engaged in managerial operations
- JSIC 4611: Air transport

Type of Reservation:
- National Treatment (Paragraph 1 of Article 2)
- Most-Favored-Nation Treatment (Paragraph 3 of Article 2)
- Prohibition of Performance Requirements (Article 5)

Level of Government: Central Government

Measures:
- Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law (Law No. 228 of 1949), Article 27
- Cabinet Order on Foreign Direct Investment (Cabinet Order No. 261 of 1980), Article 3
- Civil Aeronautics Law (Law No. 231 of 1952), Chapters 7 and 8

Description:
1. The prior notification requirement under the Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law applies to foreign investors who intend to make investments in air transport business in Japan.

2. Permission of the Minister of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism for conducting air transport business as a Japanese air carrier is not granted to the following natural persons or entities applying for the permission:

   (a) a natural person who does not have Japanese nationality;
(b) a foreign country, or a foreign public entity or its equivalent;

(c) a legal person or other entity constituted under the laws of any foreign country; and

(d) a legal person represented by the natural persons or entities referred to in subparagraph (a), (b) or (c); a legal person of which more than one-third of the members of the board of directors are composed of the natural persons or entities referred to in subparagraph (a), (b) or (c); or a legal person of which more than one-third of the voting rights are held by the natural persons or entities referred to in subparagraph (a), (b) or (c).

In the event an air carrier falls into a natural person or an entity referred to in subparagraphs (a) through (d), the permission will lose its effect. The conditions for the permission also apply to companies, such as holding companies, which have substantial control over the air carriers.

3. Japanese air carriers or the companies having substantial control over the air carriers, such as holding companies, may reject the request from a natural person or an entity set forth in subparagraphs 2(a) through (c), who owns equity investments in such air carriers or companies, to enter its name and address in the register of shareholders, in the event such air carriers or companies fall into natural persons or entities referred to in subparagraph 2(d) by accepting such request.
4. Foreign air carriers are required to obtain permission of the Minister of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism to conduct international air transport business.

5. Permission of the Minister of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism is required for the use of foreign aircraft for air transport of passengers or cargoes to and from Japan for remuneration.

6. A foreign aircraft may not be used for a flight between points within Japan.
13 Sector: Transport
Sub-Sector: Air Transport

Industry Classification:
JSIC 4600 Head offices primarily engaged in managerial operations
JSIC 4621 Aircraft service, except air transport

Type of National Treatment Reservation: (Paragraph 1 of Article 2)
Prohibition of Performance Requirements (Article 5)

Level of Government: Central Government

Measures: Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law (Law No. 228 of 1949), Article 27
Cabinet Order on Foreign Direct Investment (Cabinet Order No. 261 of 1980), Article 3
Civil Aeronautics Law (Law No. 231 of 1952), Chapters 7 and 8

Description:
1. The prior notification requirement under the Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law applies to foreign investors who intend to make investments in aerial work business in Japan.
2. Permission of the Minister of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism for conducting aerial work business is not granted to the following natural persons or entities applying for the permission:
   (a) a natural person who does not have Japanese nationality;
   (b) a foreign country, or a foreign public entity or its equivalent;
   (c) a legal person or other entity constituted under the laws of any foreign country; and
(d) a legal person represented by the natural persons or entities referred to in subparagraph (a), (b) or (c); a legal person of which more than one-third of the members of the board of directors are composed of the natural persons or entities referred to in subparagraph (a), (b) or (c); or a legal person of which more than one-third of the voting rights are held by the natural persons or entities referred to in subparagraph (a), (b) or (c).

In the event a person conducting aerial work business falls into a natural person or an entity referred to in subparagraphs (a) through (d), the permission will lose its effect. The conditions for the permission also apply to companies, such as holding companies, which have substantial control over the person conducting aerial work business.

3. A foreign aircraft may not be used for a flight between points within Japan.
14 Sector: Transport
Sub-Sector: Air Transport (Registration of Aircraft in the National Register)

Industry Classification:

Type of Reservation: (Paragraph 1 of Article 2)
Prohibition of Performance Requirements (Article 5)

Level of Government: Central Government

Measures: Civil Aeronautics Law (Law No. 231 of 1952), Chapter 2

Description:
1. An aircraft owned by any of the following natural persons or entities may not be registered in the national register:
   (a) a natural person who does not have Japanese nationality;
   (b) a foreign country, or a foreign public entity or its equivalent;
   (c) a legal person or other entity constituted under the laws of any foreign country; and
   (d) a legal person represented by the natural persons or entities referred to in subparagraph (a), (b) or (c); a legal person of which more than one-third of the members of the board of directors are composed of the natural persons or entities referred to in subparagraph (a), (b) or (c); or a legal person of which more than one-third of the voting rights are held by the natural persons or entities referred to in subparagraph (a), (b) or (c).

2. A foreign aircraft may not be registered in the national register.
15 Sector: Transport

Sub-Sector: Freight Forwarding Business (excluding freight forwarding business using air transportation)

Industry Classification:
JSIC 4441 Collect-and-deliver freight transport
JSIC 4821 Deliver freight transport, except collect-and-deliver freight transport

Type of National Treatment Reservation: (Paragraph 1 of Article 2)
Most-Favored-Nation Treatment (Paragraph 3 of Article 2)
Prohibition of Performance Requirements (Article 5)

Level of Government: Central Government

Measures: Freight Forwarding Business Law (Law No. 82 of 1989), Chapters 2 through 4
Enforcement Regulation of Freight Forwarding Business Law (Ministerial Ordinance of the Ministry of Transport No. 20 of 1990)

Description: The following natural persons or entities are required to be registered with, or to obtain permission or approval of, the Minister of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism for conducting freight forwarding business using international shipping. Such registration shall be made, or such permission or approval shall be granted, on the basis of reciprocity:

(a) a natural person who does not have Japanese nationality;

(b) a foreign country, or a foreign public entity or its equivalent;
(c) a legal person or other entity constituted under the laws of any foreign country; and

(d) a legal person represented by the natural persons or entities referred to in subparagraph (a), (b) or (c); a legal person of which more than one-third of the members of the board of directors are composed of the natural persons or entities referred to in subparagraph (a), (b) or (c); or a legal person of which more than one-third of the voting rights are held by the natural persons or entities referred to in subparagraph (a), (b) or (c).
16 Sector: Transport
Sub-Sector: Freight Forwarding Business (only freight forwarding business using air transportation)

Industry Classification:
- JSIC 4441 Collect-and-deliver freight transport
- JSIC 4821 Deliver freight transport, except collect-and-deliver freight transport

Type of Reservation: National Treatment (Paragraph 1 of Article 2)
Most-Favored-Nation Treatment (Paragraph 3 of Article 2)
Prohibition of Performance Requirements (Article 5)

Level of Government: Central Government

Measures: Freight Forwarding Business Law (Law No. 82 of 1989), Chapters 2 through 4
Enforcement Regulation of Freight Forwarding Business Law (Ministerial Ordinance of the Ministry of Transport No. 20 of 1990)

Description: 1. The following natural persons or entities may not conduct freight forwarding business using air transportation between points within Japan:

(a) a natural person who does not have Japanese nationality;

(b) a foreign country, or foreign public entity or its equivalent;

(c) a legal person or other entity constituted under the laws of any foreign country; and
(d) a legal person represented by the natural persons or entities referred to in subparagraph (a), (b) or (c); a legal person of which more than one-third of the members of the board of directors are composed of the natural persons or entities referred to in subparagraph (a), (b) or (c); or a legal person of which more than one-third of the voting rights are held by the natural persons or entities referred to in subparagraph (a), (b) or (c).

2. The natural persons or entities referred to in subparagraphs 1(a) through (d) are required to be registered with, or to obtain permission or approval of, the Minister of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism for conducting freight forwarding business using international air transportation. Such registration shall be made, or such permission or approval shall be granted, on the basis of reciprocity.
Sector: Transport

Sub-Sector: Railway Transport

Industry Classification:
- JSIC 421 Railway transport
- JSIC 4851 Railway facilities services

Type of Reservation: National Treatment (Paragraph 1 of Article 2)

Level of Government: Central Government

Measures:
- Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law (Law No. 228 of 1949), Article 27
- Cabinet Order on Foreign Direct Investment (Cabinet Order No. 261 of 1980), Article 3

Description: The prior notification requirement under the Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law applies to foreign investors who intend to make investments in railway transport industry in Japan. The manufacture of vehicles, parts and components for the railway transport industry is not included in railway transport industry. Therefore, prior notification under the Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law is not required for the investments in the manufacture of these products.
18 Sector: Transport
Sub-Sector: Road Passenger Transport
Industry Classification: JSIC 4311 Common omnibus operators
Type of Reservation: National Treatment
(Paragraph 1 of Article 2)
Level of Government: Central Government
Measures: Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law (Law No. 228 of 1949), Article 27
Cabinet Order on Foreign Direct Investment (Cabinet Order No. 261 of 1980), Article 3
Description: The prior notification requirement under the Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law applies to foreign investors who intend to make investments in omnibus industry in Japan. The manufacture of vehicles, parts and components for omnibus industry is not included in omnibus industry. Therefore, prior notification under the Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law is not required for the investments in the manufacture of these products.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sector:</th>
<th>Transport</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sub-Sector:</td>
<td>Water Transport</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Industry</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Classification</td>
<td>JSIC 452 Coastwise transport</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>JSIC 453 Inland water transport</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>JSIC 4542 Coastwise ship leasing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Type of</td>
<td>National Treatment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reservation:</td>
<td>(Paragraph 1 of Article 2)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Level of</td>
<td>Central Government</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Government:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Measures:</td>
<td>Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law (Law No. 228 of 1949), Article 27</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Cabinet Order on Foreign Direct Investment (Cabinet Order No. 261 of 1980), Article 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Description:</td>
<td>The prior notification requirement under the Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law applies to foreign investors who intend to make investments in water transport industry in Japan. For greater certainty, “water transport industry” refers to oceangoing/seagoing transport, coastwise transport (i.e. maritime transport between ports within Japan), inland water transport and ship leasing industry. However, oceangoing/seagoing transport industry and ship leasing industry excluding coastwise ship leasing industry are exempted from the prior notification requirement.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Sector: Transport
Sub-Sector: Water Transport
Industry Classification:
Type of National Treatment (Paragraph 1 of Article 2)
Reservation: Most-Favored-Nation Treatment (Paragraph 3 of Article 2)
Level of Central Government
Government:
Measures: Ship Law (Law No. 46 of 1899), Article 3
Description: Unless otherwise specified in laws and regulations of Japan, or international agreements to which Japan is a party, ships not flying the Japanese flag are prohibited from entering Japanese ports which are not open to foreign commerce and from carrying cargoes or passengers between Japanese ports.
Sector: Water Supply and Waterworks

Sub-Sector:

Industry Classification: JSIC 3611 Water for end users, except industrial users

Type of Reservation: National Treatment (Paragraph 1 of Article 2)

Level of Government: Central Government

Measures: Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law (Law No. 228 of 1949), Article 27

Cabinet Order on Foreign Direct Investment (Cabinet Order No. 261 of 1980), Article 3

Description: The prior notification requirement under the Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law applies to foreign investors who intend to make investments in water supply and waterworks industry in Japan.
Schedule of the Republic of Uzbekistan

Sector: All Sectors
Sub-Sector:
Industry Classification:
Type of Reservation: Prohibition of Performance Requirements (Article 5)
Level of Government: Central Government
Measures: The procedure of fulfillment by economic entities obligatory sale of earnings in foreign currency (approved by the Resolution of the Cabinet of Ministers of the Republic of Uzbekistan dated 29/06/2000, reg.No245)

Description: 1. The Republic of Uzbekistan reserves the right to maintain the following measures:

(a) 50 percent of foreign exchange earnings derived from the sale of goods and services on export is liable to obligatory sale to authorized banks; and

(b) Total foreign exchange earnings inflow from export of ginned cotton is liable to obligatory sale to the Central Bank of the Republic of Uzbekistan.

2. Notwithstanding subparagraph 1(a) and (b) above:

(a) the obligatory sale of foreign exchange earnings is exempted in accordance with paragraph 3 of the Resolution of the Cabinet of Ministers of the Republic of Uzbekistan dated 29/06/2000, reg.No245; and
(b) foreign exchange earnings liable to obligatory sale are reduced in accordance with paragraph 4 of the Resolution of the Cabinet of Ministers of the Republic of Uzbekistan dated 29/06/2000, reg.No245