Outline of Future Nuclear Energy Policy Direction and Action Guidelines (provisional translation)

The following are the major issues for future nuclear energy policy, the directions of actions for their resolution, and guidelines for actions by relevant parties that have been organized in accordance with the Sixth Strategic Energy Plan and the Basic Policy for Nuclear Energy, and based on discussions at the GX Implementation Council, etc. Future actions will be concretized based on this.

All-out efforts for restart

(Voluntary Safety Improvements)

- Constant questioning to "break free from the safety myth"
- →Safety management reforms in which licensees collaborate with a wide range of stakeholders

(Coexistence with local communities)

- ·Strengthening response to the actual conditions and needs of each region
- →Multifaceted support and horizontal development in response to local needs, such as co-creation of future vision
- Constant improvement of disaster prevention measures and enhancement and reinforcement of municipal support
- →Building a framework for effective i exchange of views and cooperation | and strengthening support, etc.

(Communication with all levels of the public)

- Reinforcement and enhancement of quality and quantity of communication, continuous reviews and improvement deliberations, not limited to oneway information provision
- →Reorganization of objectives and targets, diversification and improvement of content and tools

Maximum use of existing reactors

(Operation period)

- The central premise is that they cannot be operated without safety confirmation by the Nuclear Regulation Authority ·From the viewpoint of the utilization policy, develop a
- 1→The upper limit of the period will continue to be set in consideration progress of back-end issues of ensuring the understanding of the community and citizens and the continuity of the system

framework for the operation

- | → After confirming that the selfdetermination of energy supply, GX's leading role, and constant organizational improvement for safety have been achieved, a certain outage period will be excluded from the count →Ensure understanding, make progress in research and
- development, continue to evaluate trends in international standards, etc., and clarify the implementation of reviews as necessary

(Improving the operation factor)

- Contribute to self-determination and GX, etc., on the premise of ensuring safety
- →While fostering a common understanding with regulatory authorities, consider extending the operation cycle and expanding the introduction of on-line maintenance.

Development/construction of next-generation advanced reactors

(Policy for development and construction)

Make efforts to develop and construct next-generation advanced reactors on I the premise of community I understanding to realize the value of I nuclear power and maintain and I strengthen technology and human

I resources ⇒First, target rebuilding of reactors on the sites of reactors that are scheduled to be decommissioned based on the →Other development and construction

will be considered based on future situations, such as the status of restarts and progress in securing understanding

(Improving the business environment)

Promoting investment in nextgeneration advanced reactors to realize the value of nuclear power →Policy support for demonstration reactor development

→Consideration and materialization of institutional measures that contribute to income stabilization, etc.

(Establishment of R&D systems)

Gathering public and private resources to develop an effective development

→Clarification and sharing of prospects, support on a project basis, establishing a "control tower function,

→Promotion of self-driven R&D of nextgeneration advanced reactors through strategic collaboration with the United States, UK, France, etc.

→Fostering related industries and promoting research and development toward promoting the Innovation Strategy for Fusion Energy.

(Development of basic infrastructure and cultivation of human resources)

R&D of next-generation advanced reactors and construction of foundations for human resource development for that purpose →Acceleration of necessary support for basic R&D and infrastructure development Promoting production and R&D of radioisotopes for medical use, etc. →Manufacturing by JPR-3 and JOYO

→Supporting technical development for production using research reactors and

accelerators

Back-end process acceleration

(Promoting the nuclear fuel cycle)

Achieving the completion target of reprocessing plants, strengthening the response to promotion of pluthermal (plutonium utilization in thermal reactors) and expansion of I spent fuel storage capacity

→Reliable and efficient responses to safety reviews, etc., such as closer communication between utilities and regulatory authorities

→Strengthen efforts to promote understanding of local communities in collaboration with utilities, support and proactive responses by the government

(Smooth decommissioning)

• Achieving steady and efficient decommissioning, promoting understanding of the use of clearance materials

→Institutional measures for accumulating and sharing knowledge and know-how, securing funds, etc. →Strengthen activities to understand clearance materials and cooperate with recycling businesses

(Realization of final disposal)

Broadly share with society the significance of the business and respect for the communities that contribute to it, and drastically strengthen the initiative of the national government

→Establishment of a system for strengthening cooperation among relevant government ministries and agencies →Promotion of understanding

activities led by the government →Promotion of local understanding activities by NUMO and utilities Reinforcement of the technology base, enhancement of international cooperation

Maintain/strengthen supply chains

(Maintaining and strengthening domestic supply chains)

Building support systems, such as hands-on and proactive support. according to the individual circumstances of each company →Strategic securing and

development of human resources, such as support for the succession of skills by the government, promotion of acquisition of on-site skills through cooperation with universities and technical schools.

⇒Support for measures to ensure the supply of parts and materials, business succession support, etc., through cooperation with plant manufacturers and utilization of local Bureaus of Economy, Trade and Industry

(Support for participation in overseas projects)

Public and private sector support for capturing overseas market opportunities to maintain technology and human resources →Forming a public-private partnership team aiming to participate in overseas projects, externally disseminating achievements and strengths, etc. →Active support for overseas expansion through collaboration with related organizations

Contribute to solving common international issues

(Promoting R&D and building supply chains through international collaboration)

·Contributing to immediate challenges faced by major countries in common

→Further deepening international cooperation via G7 meetings, etc. →Strategic alliance for joint construction of supply chains →Promotion of self-driven R&D of next-generation advanced reactors through strategic collaboration with the United States, UK, France

(Ensuring Nuclear Safety and Security)

·Contributing to ensuring nuclear safety and security in Ukraine and around the world

→Support for IAEA efforts in Ukraine, support for introducing nuclear power in cooperation with like-minded countries, etc. →Strengthening cooperation with

the international community to ensure the safety of nuclear facilities