Overview

Corporate Profile

Industry	Power generation
Location	Japan
Business	The world largest thermal power generation company which inherits its business from TEPCO and Chubu Electric Power Company and has the ability to generate half of domestic output in thermal power generation. It is the world largest fuel handling company and establishes a value chain from fuel upstream and procurement to power generation and electricity/gas wholesaling.

3rd Party Evaluation

- JERA has set "JERA Zero CO2 Emissions 2050" in October 2020. They have established a roadmap for domestic business and newly set "JERA Environmental Target 2030 for its Business in Japan" to execute plans accordingly to the roadmap.
- The strategy aims to realize zero CO2 emission by promoting CO2 reduction through various RD&Ds and implementation of technologies and facilities.
 Such projects are consistent with the philosophy of climate transition and is aligned with the Technology Roadmap for "Transition Finance" in Electricity Sector.
- To ensure transparency, we have confirmed that JERA will disclose general investment plan/amount in the future where possible.

Bond Outline

Planned Issue Date	After April 2022
Planned Amount	To be decided
Structuring Agency	• Mitsubishi UFJ Morgan Stanley Securities Co., Ltd.
Evaluation Agency	• DNV BUSINESS ASSURANCE JAPAN K.K.

Candidate for Use of Proceeds				
Eligibility Criteria	Project			
The expenditures related to the demonstration projects	1	Demonstration study of 20% ammonia co- firing in 1 million kW class coal-fired power plant		
of fossil fuels and ammonia/hydrogen co- firing	2	Demonstration study on actual equipment to establish technology for high ammonia co- firing rate at commercial thermal power plants		
	3	Demonstration of high co-firing rate at thermal power station using ammonia single-fuel burners		
	4	Technical verification of hydrogen co-firing power generation for the construction of large-scale hydrogen supply chain		
The expenditures related to	5	Demolition of existing power generation facilities at Goi thermal power station(LNG)		
decommissions of inefficient thermal power plants, with the aim of replacement for high-efficiency thermal power plant	5	Demolition of existing power generation facilities at Chita thermal power station(LNG) *Demolition plan is in preparation		

Alignment with the Four Elements in Basic Guidelines on Climate Transition Finance

Element 1 (Transition Strategy and Governance)	 Transition strategy: sets 2030 interim target and roadmap to achieve 2050 zero CO2 emission in "JERA Zero CO2 Emissions 2050". Governance: established organizational structure and framework to promote strategy at a management level. 	Element 3 (Science based Targets & Pathways)	 JERA's target refers an internationally approved scenario aligned with the Paris Agreement (IEA, SDS etc) and is thus aligned to the targets of the Paris Agreement. Aligned with the Technology Roadmap for "Transition Finance" in Power Sector formulated by METI. 	
Element 2 (Materiality)	 Transition strategy is for its core business, thermal power generation. Sets "Environment (climate change)" as one of its materiality using GRI, ISO26000, SASB, etc. 	Element 4 (Transparency)	 To ensure transparency, confirmed that JERA will disclose general investment plan/amount in the future where possible. 	

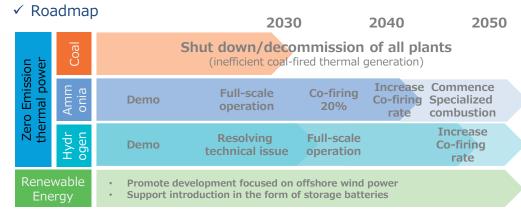
■ Transition Strategy and Science-based Targets (Elements 1·3), Governance (Element 1)

✓ CO2 Reduction Targets

 Year	Target		Benchmark
2030	▲20% reduction of CO2 emission intensity	۰	Emission intensity of Japan's thermal power plants based on Long-term Energy Supply and Demand Outlook for FY 2030 published by the government
2050	Zero CO2 emission	•	(-)

OJERA Environmental Target 2030 for its Business in Japan(exclude targets)

- Shut down/decommission all inefficient power plant (supercritical or less)
- Demonstration of co-firing with ammonia in highly efficient power plant (ultra supercritical)
- Promotion of renewable energy centered on offshore wind power generation
- Further improvement in efficiency of LNG thermal power generation



✓ Governance Structure

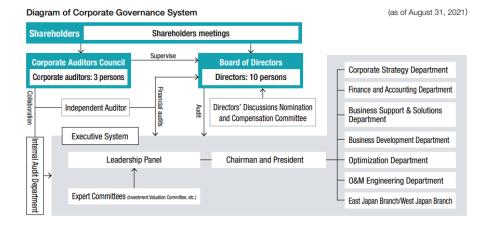


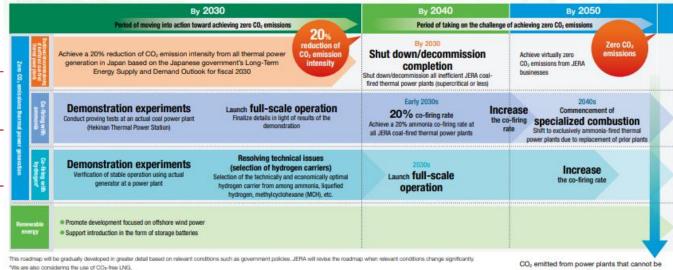
Diagram of Sustainability Management System

(as of August 31, 2021)



Key Points in the Case Study (Element 1: Transition strategy, Use of Proceeds)

JERA Zero CO2 Emissions 2050 and Technology Roadmap



exclusively ammonia-fired as of 2050 will be offset using offset technology or by CO₂-free LNG

		2020	2025	2030	2040	2050		
	Decarbonized power sources, etc.	Efforts toward decarbonization as a procurement entity Technology development through the GI Fund Demonstration Practical use and introduction (However, the introduction is in the 2040s.)						
┝	Ammonia firing							
	Hydrogen firing		NEDO and other projects Demonstration		Establishment and commercialization of technology			
	CC (U) S	n a D (performance improvement, p manufacturing technology developm						
	Renewable energy and nuclear power	enewable energy and nuclear power						
┝	Suspension or abolition of thermal power plants	•						
	Transition power	Transition power Efforts to use the latest technological level for future decarbonization as a procuring entity						
Þ	Ammonia co-firing Energy base target: 1% by 2030 (Total of Hydrogen and Ammonia)	Demonstration is underway		out 20% Full-scale introduction of ammoi (about 50%		*Premises for the		
L	Hydrogen co-firing Energy base target: 1% by 2030 (Total of Hydrogen and Ammonia)	Demonstration of actual equipment by GI Fund (~ 2025), etc. Establishment of technology with about 10% co-firing rate and commercialization around 2030						
	Biomass co-firing Energy base target: about 5% by 2030 (including dedicated fuel)		Expansion of introduction a	nd improvement of co-firing rate				

Key Points

- 2050 zero CO2 emission and 2030 environmental targets has been set. These targets and strategies are aligned with Japan's energy policy and the Technology Roadmap in Electricity Sector.
- Alteration of targets and projects will be considered flexibly in accordance with the political circumstances.
- Demonstration of co-firing with ammonia/hydrogen, the Use of Proceeds in this bond, is an essential and representative project within the overall domestic industry (selected as Green Innovation Fund*). Shut down/decommission of domestic thermal power plant is based on the concept of just transition.
- Some of the disclosure on qualitative impact of environment are difficult, but allocation of the proceeds and progress of each project is to be disclosed.

Key Points in the Case Study (Use of Proceeds, Reporting)

- Use of Proceeds are selected from those common in both the Technology Roadmap in Electricity Sector and "JERA Zero CO2 Emissions 2050"
 - demonstration of co-firing with ammonia/hydrogen
 - -shut down/decommission of current inefficient thermal power plants (planning to replace for a highly efficient ones)
- Demonstration for hydrogen and ammonia's technological development has been selected in GI funding and is a project to be promoted in collaboration with private and public sector

The Relathionship of JERA Zero CO2 Emissions 2050 and Use of Proceeds

Strategy	Project	Business Overview	Environmental impact (planned to be reported)	GI funding
	 Demonstration study of <u>ammonia</u> <u>co-firing</u> in coal-fired power plant at Hekinan Thermal Power Station Unit 4 	Development and demonstration test of technology to <u>convert 20% of fuel (calorific</u> <u>value ratio) to ammonia</u> in FY2024.	 ✓ The outline and the progress of the eligible project 	
Co-firing with ammonia	② Demonstration study on actual equipment to establish technology for high ammonia co-firing rate in coal-fired power plant at 4 th or 5 th Hekinan thermal power plant	Development of a new ammonia high-efficiency burner and study of the specifications of the equipment (to FY 2024), and demonstration tests to <u>convert more than 50% of the fuel (calorific</u> <u>value ratio) to ammonia</u> (to FY2028).	 ✓ The outline and the progress of the eligible project 	\checkmark
	③ Development of a new ammonia single-fuel burner for coal boiler and demonstration on real plant	Development of a new ammonia single-fuel burner and study of the specifications of the equipment (to 2024), and conducting technology development and demonstration tests to convert more than 50% of the fuel to ammonia at two different boiler units (to FY2028).	✓ The outline and the progress of the eligible project	\checkmark
Co-firing with hydrogen Shut	④ Conducting demonstration tests at large-scale LNG-fired power plants in Japan to convert LNG into hydrogen for power generation	Conducting demonstration tests to convert approximately 30% (by volume) of LNG into hydrogen for power generation (to FY2025).	✓ The outline and the progress of the eligible project	\checkmark
down/dec ommission of	⑤ <u>Demolition of existing power</u> <u>generation facilities</u> at Goi thermal power station(LNG)		 ✓ The outline and the progress of the eligible project 	
inefficient coal-fired thermal power	 Demolition of existing power generation facilities at Chita thermal power station(LNG) 		 ✓ The outline and the progress of the eligible project 	

Case Study: JERA CO., Inc. Transition Bond

Modelability Review Results: Approval

The model is the first in the industry to include important technologies for transitioning to a decarbonized society and demolishing inefficient thermal power generation facilities as Use of Proceeds, thus appropriate as a model case

Main opinions

Other elements/others

- Has its transition strategy toward 2050 CO2 zero emission and 2030 interim target, which is aligned with the Technology Roadmap in Electricity Sector.
- For the future conversion to ammonia, the explanation to investors based on business perspective is important, such as utilizing the current strength in LNG procurement to blue ammonia.

Scientific basis

Transition

strategy

• Its mid / long term targets are aligned with Japan's target. In addition to carbon intensity, it also considers the decline of thermal power generation ratio (dismantle of inefficient thermal power, increase in renewable energy ratio etc.) due to 2030 energy composition.

 Confirmed its will to review its targets, if necessary, in regard to political circumstances as the international trend is for the decarbonization in thermal power generation in 2030s.

- Appreciate the inclusion of important technologies to achieve the zero CO2 – emission thermal power generation, the core of its strategy, and demolish existing inefficient thermal power plant etc. in Use of Proceeds.
- The model plays an important role in promoting zero-emission thermal power, especially when international trend focuses on early decarbonization in this area.
- Part of the Use of Proceeds is dedicated to R&Ds, which makes it difficult for qualitative environmental impact disclosure. However, it is desirable that JERA reports the progress of facility demolishment and demonstration, and allocation of the proceeds.

This document focuses on the contribution of transition finance to the realization of Japan's carbon neutrality by 2050 and the Paris Agreement, and does not cover any of the risks associated with transition finance as a financial instrument. It should be noted that even in the model case of this project, there are credit risks and other risks (in the case of bonds, price fluctuation risks, liquidity risks, etc.) as in ordinary financing.