

Overview of progress on Decommissioning and Fukushima reconstruction

September 2025

Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry (METI)

Japan

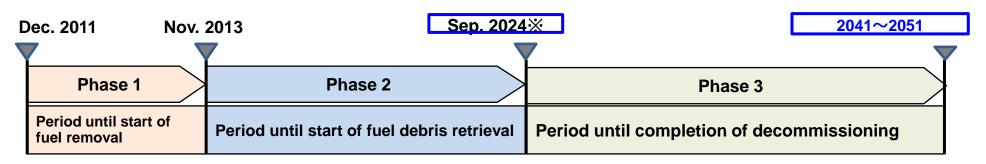
Agenda

1. Progress of the Decommissioning of Fukushima Daiichi NPS

2. Reconstruction of Surrounding Area of Fukushima Daiichi NPS

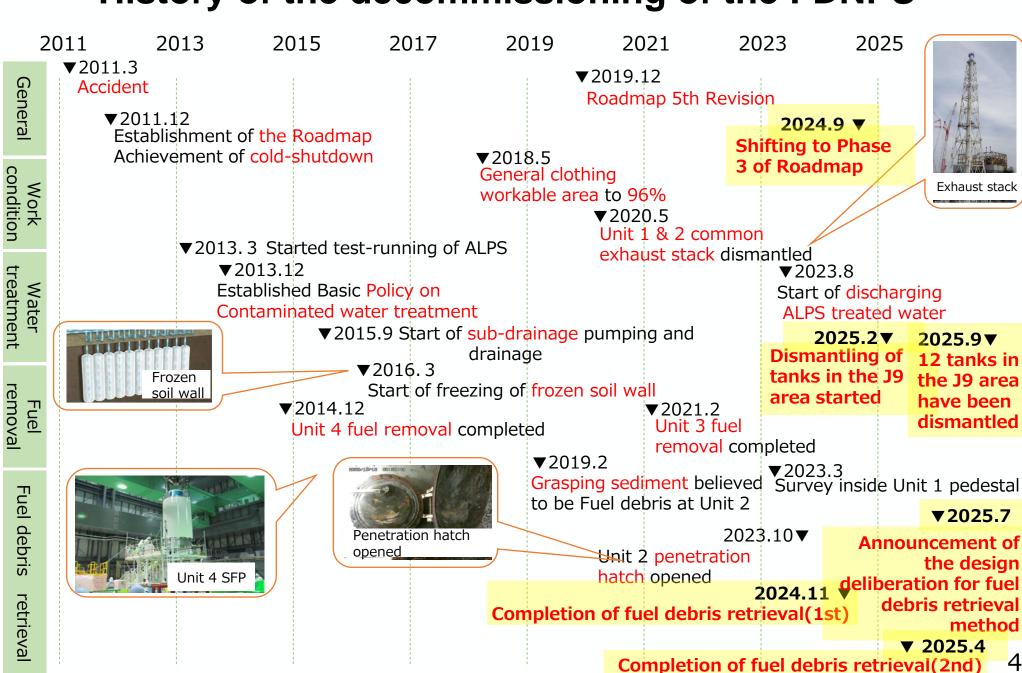
Decommissioning And Reconstruction

Mid-and-Long-Term Roadmap towards the Decommissioning of FDNPS



- ※2024.9 Start of fuel debris retrieval and entering the Phase 3
- <u>Fukushima Daiichi Decommissioning is a continuous risk reduction activity</u>
 to protect the people and the environment from the risks associated with
 radioactive materials.
- Safe and steady decommissioning is a prerequisite for reconstruction of Fukushima.
- Basic principles:
 - 1. Reconstruction and Decommissioning : need to be conducted in parallel
 - Ensuring transparency
 - 3. Continuous update of the roadmap
 - 4. Government's leading role in decommissioning

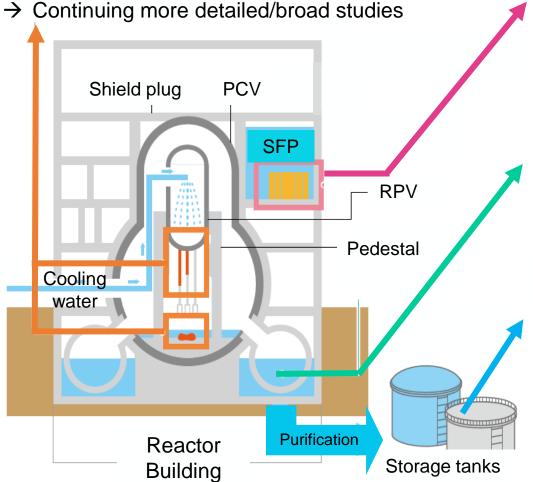
History of the decommissioning of the FDNPS



Update of the decommissioning of FDNPS

Fuel debris retrieval

- Trial retrievals at Unit 2 (Nov 2024, Apr 2025)
 collected totally 0.9g of samples (under analysis).
- Design deliberation for fuel debris retrieval method at Unit 3 (Jul 2025)



Spent Fuels removal

- Unit1, Unit2 : preparation works continues
- Unit3, Unit4 : fully completed
- → Removal to be totally completed by 2031

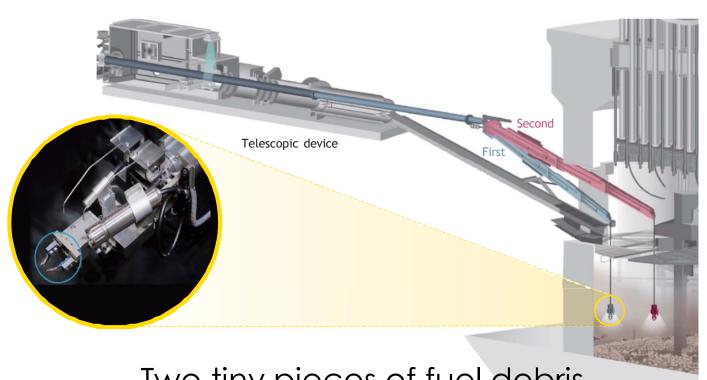
Contaminated water management

- 540 m³/d (May 2014)→70 m³/d (Fy2024) by frozen soil walls installation etc.
- → Extra measures to be taken to achieve the next goal (50 to 70 m³/d by Fy2028)

ALPS treated water discharge

- Totally 14 batches of discharge completed since Aug 2023
- 12 empty tanks dismantled (as of Sep 3)
- → Continuing discharge in a safe/stable manner

Trial retrieval of fuel debris at Unit 2



Two tiny pieces of fuel debris
But

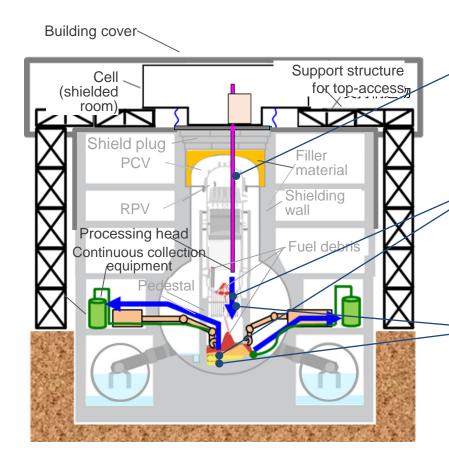
one giant leap for decommissioning!!





→ Details to be provided later by Mr. Ono, TEPCO

Design Deliberation for Fuel Debris Retrieval Method



Fuel debris retrieval route

Access through small opening

- Use of the shielding function of the existing shielding walls
- ⇒ Minimize the size of the cells to be added

Unifying and simplifying the handling of fuel debris (processing, collection)

- ✓ Processing fuel debris into small pieces
- Continuous collection of small pieces of fuel debris

Combination of top and side-access

- ✓ Drop fuel debris processed by top-access through an opening at the bottom of the RPV⇒ Continuous collection in conjunction with sideaccess.
- ✓ Continuous collection even with side- access alone

→ Details to be provided later by Mr. Ono, NDF

ALPS treated water discharge



→ Details to be provided later by Mr. Ono, TEPCO

IAEA contributions to ALPS treated water discharge (over the past year)

Review after the discharge

- IAEA review missions conducted (3rd: Dec 2024, 4th: May 2025)
- In both missions, IAEA Task Force did not identify anything that is inconsistent with the requirements in the relevant international safety standards.

Monitoring missions

- IAEA conducted sampling of sea water etc. and Interlaboratory comparisons (Oct 2024 & Jul 2025)
- Reports published on Dec 2024 & Mar 2025 confirmed Japan possesses capability for conducting reliable and high-quality monitoring.

Additional measures on monitoring

- In Sep 2024, IAEA and Japan concurred in conducting the additional measures under the IAEA framework, responding to international interest.
- Since Oct 2024, four additional measures have been conducted with the participation of experts from third-party laboratories in the concerned countries.
 - → Details to be provided later by Mr. Caruso, IAEA
 - → IAEA's continuous contributions would be highly appreciated 9

Actions toward Regional Coexistence

- Promoting symbiosis with local communities
- Enhancing communication
- → Highly essential for steadily proceeding long-term decommissioning work



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8th Inter-Ministerial Council (Aug 26, 2025)



(Photo) https://japan.kantei.go.jp



Prime Minister's closing remarks

(Extracts, Provisional translation)

ALPS treated water discharge

 Relevant ministers are urged to steadily implement necessary measures to dispel concerns and anxieties, including ensuring safety, disseminating information based on scientific evidence, and supporting the fisheries industry.

Decommissioning

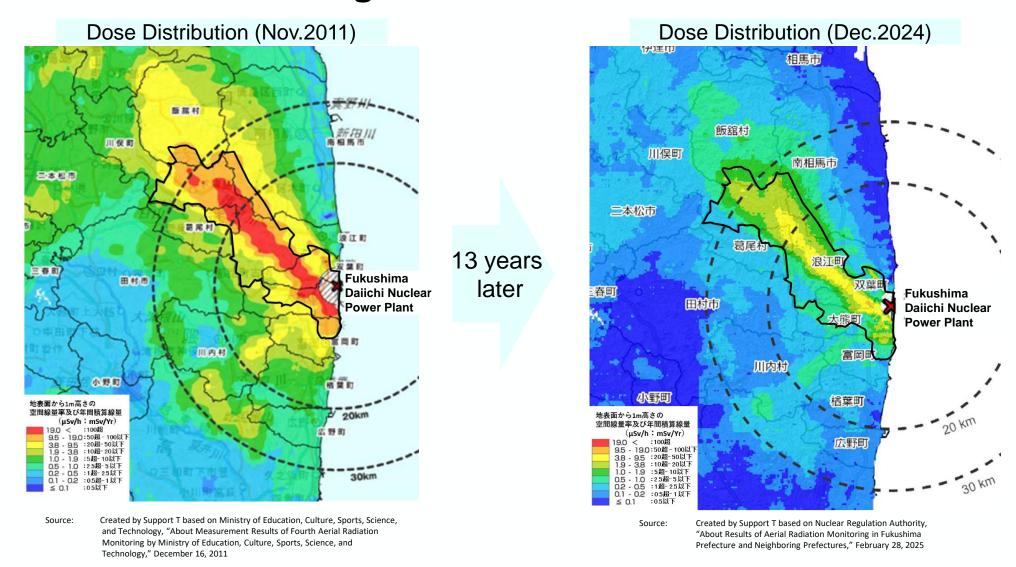
- To advance the long-term decommissioning work, it is vital to ensure the safety of workers and the surrounding environment, introduce new technologies, foster human resources, promote startups, and enhance communication with local communities.
- Relevant organizations must secure sustainable and stable funding and a robust personnel structure, while also advancing the development of methods for the full-scale retrieval of fuel debris.

"Without the reconstruction of Fukushima, there can be no reconstruction of Tohoku. "
"Without the reconstruction of Tohoku, there can be no revitalization of Japan."

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Decommissioning And Reconstruction

Changes in Radiation Levels



The air dose rate has been significantly reduced due to:

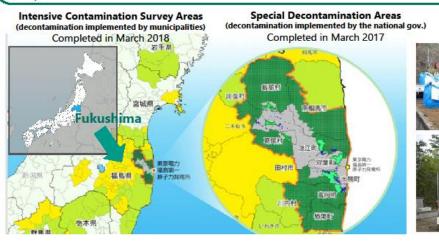
- > the effects of decontamination, and
- > the natural decay of radioactive materials.

Off-site Environmental Remediation

Progress of off-site decontamination



- Radioactive materials were released into the environment due to the accident at TEPCO's Fukushima Daiichi Nuclear Power Station, causing environmental contamination.
- > The Ministry of the Environment implemented environmental restoration measures, including decontamination, resulting in a large amount of removed soil in Fukushima Prefecture.
- > Full-scale decontamination was completed in 100 municipalities of 8 prefectures both in the Special Decontamination Areas (SDA), and the Intensive Contamination Survey Areas (ICSA), by March 19, 2018, except for the Restricted Areas. In the Restricted Area, decontamination continues.



Overview of Initiatives for Environmental Restoration after the Accident of the Nuclear Power Station



- Interim storage facilities were established in Okuma Town and Futaba Town, with the consent of the prefecture.
- The Interim Storage Facility covers a vast area of approximately 1,600 hectares in Okuma Town and Futaba Town, and land acquisition is being carried out while providing careful explanations to
- > The law stipulates that necessary measures shall be taken to complete the final disposal of removed soil and waste generated in Fukushima Prefecture outside Fukushima Prefecture within 30 years (by March 2045) after the start of interim storage.

The Interim Storage Facility







→ Details to be provided later by Mr. Iwasawa, MOE

Lifting of Evacuation Orders

	maximum figures	Current status
Areas under evacuation orders	1,150 km ² (Aug 2013)	309 km ² (July 2024)
The number of evacuees in whole Fukushima Prefecture	164,865 (May 2012)	25,959 (May 2024)

Examples of New buildings in "Specified Reconstruction and Revitalization Base Areas"



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Futaba town

Okuma town

Reconstruction of Industry

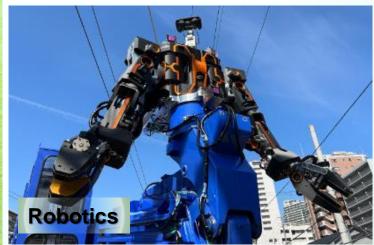
Investment













Research and Development

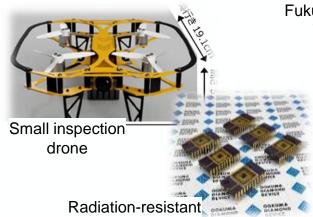
Innovation from Hamadori

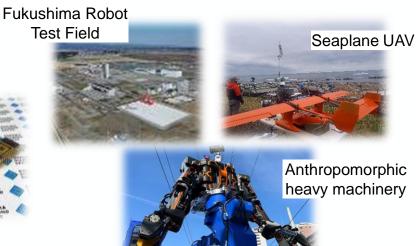
Fukushima Innovation Coast Initiative

 \sim 6 priority areas \sim

Decommissioning





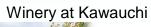


Energy/Environment/Rec ycling



Agriculture/Forestry/ Fisheries

devices





Medical Care



Fukushima MedTech Support Center

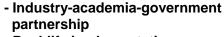
Aerospace





Four Functions

Five Research Areas



Industrialization

- Real-life implementation

Research & Development

F-REI

Virtuous

cycle

Human capital development

- Nurturing the next

generation of talent

- Coordinating local research activities

Role as

"Control Tower"

- Unique research objectives



Drones and robots applicable to harsh environments

Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries



Smarter implementation in the agriculture, forestry and fisheries industries (agricultural machinery control systems)

Accumulation and dissemination of data and knowledge regarding nuclear disasters



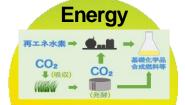
Practice of reconstruction-andrevitalization-oriented town development and research on the verification of effectiveness

Interconnected and evolving across their disciplines

Industrial use of radiation science/drug discovery and radiation



Research and development of radiographic imaging technologies



Achievement of carbon neutrality (manufacture of chemical products and other articles through biochemical processes)



FUKUSHIMA FUKKO-TRANSFORMATION

EXPO Exhibition Centre, Japan

Tuesday, May 20th to Saturday, May 24th, 2025

No reservation required for entry.

- Decommissioning/ From 3.11
- Innovation

■ Activities

■ Food

■ Art & Community

■ Future Hamadoori







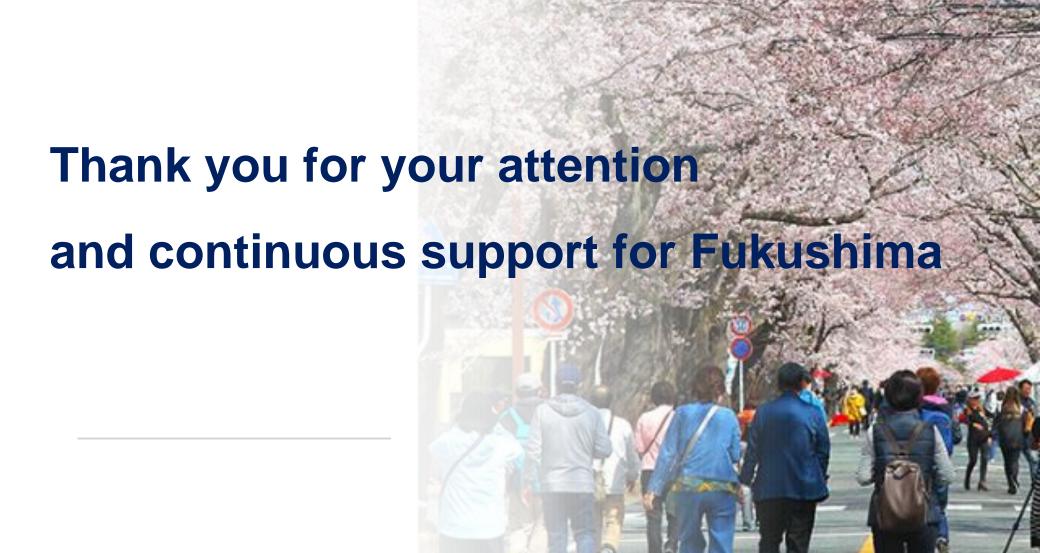








An estimated 50,000 attendees over five days



More info from here