Notes for Use

This yearbook is a compilation of results of surveys based on the Current Survey of Commerce.

I. **Outline of Current Survey of Commerce**

1. Survey purpose

The Survey aims to clarify the trends in sales activities of commercial establishments (hereinafter "establishments") and enterprises.

2. Legal framework The Survey, the Fundamental Statistics Survey under the Statistics Law, is conducted according to the Regulations for the Current Survey of Commerce (Ministry of International Trade and Industry Ordinance No. 17, 1953).

3. Survey scope

The establishments throughout the nation which come under Division I of the Japan Standards Industrial Classification (October 2013) (which includes wholesale, retail) excluding agency businesses, brokerage businesses.

4. Survey method and route

For this survey, enumerators request the surveyed establishments to fill in questionnaires which are then collected. (Survey by enumerators)

However, some of establishments send their questionnaires by mail or online.

(1) Survey by enumerators

The Minister of Economy, Trade and Industry Governors of prefectural governments Enumerators Establishments (respondents)

(2) Mail survey

The Minister of Economy, Trade and Industry Establishments or enterprises (respondents)

(3) Online survey

The Minister of Economy, Trade and Industry Establishments or enterprises (respondents)

5. Date of survey

The date of the survey is the end of each month. The date of the survey for commodity stocks is the end of term (March, June, September and December).

6. Sample design

The Survey (excluding D survey) has been carried out since July 2010 for the establishments selected according to the sampling theory, from establishments surveyed in 2007 Census of Commerce as the population. Samples consist of two groups: "individual" and "regional," as follows:

The sampling is designed so that any sampling errors for each industrial category will be 5% or less (8% or less for wholesale) (with the standard rate of deviation shown).

(1) Individual samples

(a)Individual sample design is applied to all wholesale establishments, automobile retail establishments, machinery and equipment retail establishments, fuel retail establishments and other retail establishments with 20 or more employees (including the large retail establishments in the complete survey).

(b)Sampling casing (hereafter "cells") is set for each industrial category and the number of employees and adequate number of samples will be decided for each cell.

(2) Regional samples

(a)Regional sample design is applied to retail establishments (excluding automobile retail establishments, machinery and equipment retail establishments, fuel retail establishments) with fewer than 20 employees from 264 predetermined survey areas.

(b)In sampling the survey areas, the survey areas of the Census of Commerce are made the population and stratified into four layers.

7. Kind and Scope of Questionnaire

The questionnaire is divided into Questionnaire A, Questionnaire B, Questionnaire C and Questionnaire D.

(1) Scope of Questionnaire A

General commodities wholesale establishments with 100 or more employees and wholesale establishments with 200 or more employees that are designated by the Minister of Economy, Trade and Industry.

(2) Scope of Questionnaire B

(a)Wholesale establishments which are not covered by Questionnaire A, and automobile retail establishments, machinery and equipment retail establishments, fuel retail establishments and retail establishments with 20 or more employees which are not covered by Questionnaire C that are designated by the Minister of Economy, Trade and Industry.

(b)Retail establishments (excluding automobile retail establishments, machinery and equipment retail establishments, fuel retail establishments) from among those with less than 20 employees and located in the survey area designated by the Minister of Economy, Trade and Industry.

(3) Scope of Questionnaire C

Department stores and supermarkets (see IV. "Sales by Large-scale Retailers") designated by the Minister of Economy, Trade and Industry from among retail establishments with 50 or more employees.

(4) Scope of Questionnaire D

The headquarters of convenience store chains which meet our requirements designated by the Minister of Economy, Trade and Industry.

8. Definitions of Survey Items

(1) Commodity Sales

Actual sales from the beginning to the end of the survey month.

(2) End-of-Month Number of Employees

The number of employees engaged in duties in establishments at the end of the survey month, consisting of entrepreneurs, unpaid family employees, paid directors of companies and associations, and regular employees.

Regular employees are those employed for an unfixed period or a period of one month or longer, and temporary workers and day laborers who were employed for 18 days or longer in each of the two months preceding the survey month.

Regular employees do not include those sent from other establishments, but include those loaned to other establishments. Regular employees do not include long-absent employees who have received no payment for one month or longer.

(3) Sales Floor Area

The total floor area used for the sale of commodities, excluding gift certificate shops, restaurants, tearooms, passages, elevators, escalators, stairs, rest rooms, toilets, offices, warehouses, delivery stations and parking lots.

(4) Monthly Number of Business Days

The number of days the establishment actually does business in the survey month.

(5) Monthly Sales of Gift Certificate

Sales of gift certificates in the survey month.

(6) Commodity Stocks at the end of term

Stocks of commodities for sale at the end of term(March, June, September and December). In principle, Commodity stocks is estimated at the cost of goods purchased.

(7) Inventory Ratio

The inventory ratio is calculated as follows:

Inventory ratio = value of commodity stocks at the end of term/ value of commodity monthly sales $\times 100$

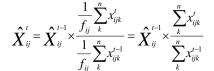
II. Sales in Commerce

To clarify trends in sales by commercial establishments in Japan, we estimated the sales from the Current Survey of Commerce.

1. Method for estimating sales by industrial category

A ratio estimate is used to estimate the sales amount of each industrial category from the results of the survey samples (For sales of large retail establishments, however, the actual amount is added). A ratio estimate is a method to estimate the total sales of the current month by totaling sales at samples for each cell, determining the ratio of month-to-month change and multiplying the previous month's sales amount by that ratio.

(1) Individual sample



 $\hat{X}_{ij}^{'} = \sum \hat{X}_{ij}^{'}$ ($\hat{X}_{ij}^{'}$; total of employee classification or layer)

[Explanation of signs]

i: Industrial classification

- j: Scale of employee classification
- n: Number of individual samples
- m: Numeber of regional samples

l:Regional sample number

k : Individual sample number which is same as previous month

2. Level correction

As the Current Survey of Commerce (commercial sales) is a sample survey with the Census of Commerce as its population, after the results are published, the figures of the former are revised to match those of the latter (level correction).

t: Month

x: Monthly salse of individual sample

 \hat{X} : Estimation of monthly sales

f: Extraction ratio

With the results of the 2007 Census of Commerce as the basis, a level correction was made in the Revised Report for January 2013.

 $\hat{X}_{ij}^{t} = \hat{X}_{ij}^{t-1} \times \frac{\sum_{j} \left(\frac{1}{f_{j}} \sum_{l}^{m} \sum_{k}^{n} x_{ijkl}^{t} \right)}{\sum_{j} \left(\frac{1}{f_{j}} \sum_{l}^{m} \sum_{k}^{n} x_{ijkl}^{t-1} \right)}$

(2) Regional sample

(1) The way to find the amount of sales by the type of industry or scale of employee classification for 36 months (April 2004 \sim March 2007) is as follows:

$$Y_{ij} = \sum_{t=25}^{36} \hat{X}_{ij}^{t} = \alpha_{ij} \sum_{t=25}^{36} \hat{X}_{ij}^{t'} \qquad \hat{X}_{ij}^{t} = \left(\sqrt[36]{\alpha_{ij}} \right)^{t} \cdot \hat{X}_{ij}^{t'} \quad (1 \le t \le 36)$$

$$\alpha_{ij} \quad satisfies \qquad \sum_{t=25}^{36} \left(\sqrt[36]{\alpha_{ij}} \right)^{t} \quad \cdot \hat{X}_{ij}^{t'} = Y_{ij} \quad \text{so calculations are repeated and adjusted}$$

Explanation of signs

 Y_{ii} = The amount of annual sales: i type of industry, js cale of employee classification of the 2007 Census of Commerce

- \hat{X}_{ii} = The amount of annual sales: i type of industry, j scale of employee classification as result of level correction of the 2007 Current Survey of Commerce
- \hat{X}_{ij}^{t} = Value of t moment: i type of industry, j scale of employee classification of monthly sales as result of level correction \hat{X}_{ij}^{t} = Value of t moment: i type of industry, j scale of employee classification of monthly sales before level correction

Also, moment "t" is the serial number for that month which corresponds with the time series in which the point in the time with April 2004 set as t=1, and March 2007 set as t=36.

(2) Method of estimating the amount of sales after April 2007

It is calculated as "1. Method for estimating sales by industrial category."

(3) Period of Standard Revision

See "Comparative Table of Standard Revision for Census of Commerce and Current Survey of Commerce."

Census of Commerce			Le	vel Correction	
Dat sur	e of vey	Period for Annual sales	Kind of report	Date of publication	Unit for Revision
1970 1972 1974 1976	June 1 May 1 May 1 May 1	June 1969 to May 1970 May 1971 to April 1972 May 1973 to April 1974 May 1975 to April 1976	Revised Preliminary Revised Preliminary	January 1975 January 1975 August 1978 August 1978	By industry
1979 1982 1985 1988 1991 1994 1997 1999 2002 2004 2007	June 1 June 1 May 1 June 1 July 1 June 1 June 1 June 1 June 1	June 1978 to May 1979 June 1981 to May 1982 May 1984 to April 1985 June 1987 to May 1988 July 1990 to June 1991 July 1993 to June 1994 June 1996 to May 1997 April 1998 to March 1999 April 2001 to March 2002 April 2003 to March 2004 April 2006 to March 2007	Revised Revised Revised Revised Preliminary Preliminary Preliminary Revised Revised Revised	March 1982 April 1984 October 1986 January 1990 May 1993 December 1995 January 1999 October 2001 February 2004 February 2007 January 2013	By industry and by number of employees

Comparative Table of Standard Revision for Census of Commerce and Current Survey of Commerce

3. Correspondence of Industrial Classification

With regard to the correspondence between the industrial classification for the sales by industry and the Standard Industrial Classification for Japan, see the "Correspondence Table of the Industrial Classification for the Current Survey of Commerce and the Standard Industrial Classification for Japan."

Correspondence Table of the Industrial Classification for the Current Survey of Commerce and the Standard Industrial Classification for Japan

Industrial Classification for the Current Survey of Commerce	Standard Industrial Classification for Japan
General merchandise wholesale Textiles wholesale Clothes and accessories wholesale Agricultural, livestock and marine products wholesale Food and beverage wholesale Construction materials wholesale Chemical products wholesale Minerals and metal materials wholesale Machinery and equipment wholesale General machinery and equipment wholesale Automobile wholesale Electrical machinery and equipment wholesale Other machinery and equipment wholesale Furniture, fittings and utensils wholesale Medicines and cosmetics wholesale Other wholesale	 491 General merchandise wholesale 501 Textiles wholesale 502 Clothes and accessories wholesale 511 Agricultural, livestock and marine products wholesale 512 Food and beverage wholesale 521 Construction materials wholesale 522 Chemical products wholesale 523 Minerals and metal materials wholesale 53 Machinery and equipment wholesale, General machinery and equipment wholesale, Automobile wholesale 531 General machinery and equipment wholesale 532 Automobile wholesale 533 Electrical machinery and equipment wholesale 539 Other machinery and equipment wholesale 541 Furniture, fittings and utensils wholesale 542 Medicine and cosmetics wholesale 549 Other products, n.e.c (excluding "5497 Agents and brokers")
General commodities retail Textiles, clothes and accessories retail Food and beverages retail Automobile retail Machinery and Equipment retail Fuel retail Drug and Toiletry stores Other retail	 55 General commodities retail 56 Textiles, clothes and accessories retail 57 Food and beverages retail 581 Automobile retail (excluding "5814 Motorcycle (including motorized bicycle) retail") 592 Machinery and Equipment retail 603 Fuel retail 601 Drug and Toiletry stores 582 Bicycle retail (including "5814 Motorcycle (including motorized bicycle) retail") 59 Furniture, fittings, utensils and household appliances retail (excluding "592 Machinery and Equipment retail") 60 Other retail (exclude "601 Drug and Toiletry stores", "603 Fuel retail")

III. Sales by Large-Scale Wholesalers

This statistical table includes the results of Questionnaire A (see 1-7-(1)), showing trends in the sales of commodities by large-scale wholesale establishments.

Merchandise name	Examples of contents
	1
Textile goods:	silk, cotton, wool, chemical textiles, other textile materials, yarns for fabrics, cotton fabrics, woolen fabrics, silk fabrics, chemical fiber fabrics, other fabrics, etc.
Clothing and	Suits and dresses, underwear, bedclothes, shoes, footwear, bags, umbrellas, other apparel and
accessories:	accessories, etc.
Agricultural, livestock	rice, barley, cereals, wheat flour, starch, beans, vegetables, fruit, meat, fresh fish, other
and marine products:	agricultural products, livestock and marine products, etc.
Food and beverages:	sugar, miso, soy sauce, alcoholic drinks, dry provisions, canned and bottled provisions, sweets, bread, soft drinks, teas, dairy products, other food and beverages, etc.
Drugs and toiletries:	drugs, medical supplies, toiletries, toothpastes, soaps, detergents, shampoos, etc.
Chemical products:	paints, printing inks, dyes, pigments, oils and fats, waxes, gunpowder, other chemical products, etc.
Petroleum and coal:	crude oil, gasoline, kerosene, light oil, heavy oil, lubricants, grease, paraffin, road oil, natural gas, propane gas, liquefied petroleum gas, coal, coke, etc.
Minerals and mineral ores:	manganese ore, bauxite, limestone, mica, graphite, clays for pottery and china, etc.
Iron and steel:	pig iron, crude iron, cast iron, ferro-alloys, steel, semi-finished steel, cast steel, forged steel, ordinary steel materials, special steel materials, steel pipes, steel bars, rails, steel sheets, iron and steel secondary products, etc.
Non-ferrous metals:	ground metals, wires, tubes, foils, metal powders, etc.
Industrial machinery:	office machinery, agricultural machinery, general-use internal combustion engines, textile-related machinery, pumps, compressors Sewing machines, construction and mining machinery, metal-forming machinery, automatic vending machines, other industrial machinery, etc.
Automobiles:	passenger cars, trucks, motorcycles, other automobiles, automobile parts and accessories
Other transportation equipment:	bicycles, ships, aircraft, railroad cars, industrial vehicles, conveying machinery for work, etc.
Household electrical machinery:	TV and radio receivers, stereos, DVDs, VTRs, digital cameras, air-conditioners, fans, electric washing machines, electric vacuum cleaners, electric refrigerators, electric cookers, electric foot-warmers, toasters, mixers, electric stoves, electric irons, lighting apparatuses (household-use), etc.
Other machinery:	cameras, projectors, movie cameras, clocks, optical lenses, measures, scales, thermometers, other measuring instruments and machinery, medical equipment, physics and chemistry machinery, telephones, wired communication equipment, transmission equipment, electric signal equipment, generators, motors, transformers, wires and cables, storage batteries, wiring equipment, lighting instruments (excluding household-use), etc.
Construction materials:	timber, bamboo, cedar bark, cement, sheet glass, roofing tiles, bricks, tiles, slates, Hume pipes, cement poles, stones, artificial stones, marbles, sand and gravel, ready-mix concrete, sashes, concrete pipes, sanitary porcelain, etc.
Paper and paper products:	paper, cardboard products, paper boxes, school-use paper products, wrapping paper, daily necessity paper products, notebooks, albums, accounting books, paper bags, etc.
Other merchandise:	empty containers such as bottles and cans, scrap iron, non-ferrous metal scraps, used paper, other recyclable materials, furniture and fittings, metal ware, hardware, fuels, fertilizers, books, magazines, sports equipment, toys, leisure goods, natural rubber, tanned leather, pulp for paper-making, stationery, fishing nets, polishing materials, handicrafts, jewels, seeds, saplings, animal feed, rubber products ,photographic materials, badges, medals, artworks and curios, musical instruments, tobacco, etc.

1. Classification of Commodities

The following merchandise classification is used for these statistical tables:

IV. Sales by Large-Scale Retailers

These statistical tables are compiled for the following department stores and supermarkets from among the retail establishments with 50 or more employees that are included in the individual sample survey:

(1) Department stores are the establishments classified as department stores and general merchandise supermarkets by the Japan Standards Industrial Classification (Rev.11, March 2002) (551), and do not come under the classification of supermarkets described below, with floor area of not less than 3,000 square meters in special regions and ordinance-designated cities, and not less than 1,500 square meters in all other regions.

(2) Supermarkets are establishments which have adopted a self-service method for 50% or more of their floor area and have floor area of not less than 1,500 square meters.

A self-service system is a sales method satisfying the following three conditions:

(a)Commodities are packaged and priced beforehand.

- (b)Customers pick up commodities for themselves with baskets provided by the establishment.
- (c)Customers pay prices in one lump sum at counters at the exit of the establishment.

¥	ssification is used for these statistical tables:
Merchandise name:	Examples of contents
Men's Clothes:	men's clothing, underwear, shirts, neckties, socks, etc.
Women's and Children's Clothes:	Ladies' and children's clothing, underwear, blouses, hosiery, etc.
Other Clothing:	fabric for kimonos, piece goods, bedclothes, accessories for Japanese clothing, towels, etc.
Accessories:	shoes, footwear, umbrellas, bags, trunks, handbags, sewing supplies, accessories (excluding jewelry and precious metals), etc.
Food and Beverages:	Drinks, Japanese and Western alcoholic drinks, seasonings, meat, fresh fish, dried provisions, vegetables, fruits, sweets, bread, dairy products, etc.
Furniture:	Japanese and Western furniture, interior furnishings, Shinto and Buddhist altar fittings, carpets, curtains, matting, etc.
Household Electric Appliances:	TV and radio receivers, stereos, DVDs, air conditioners, washing machines, refrigerators, lighting apparatuses, electric foot-warmers, electric stoves, personal computers, telephones, cellular telephones, etc.
Household Equipment:	pottery and china, glassware, lacquer ware, metal goods, hardware, gas equipment, oil-burning space stoves, water equipment, sewing machines, knitting machines, etc.
Others:	medicines, toiletries, detergents, books, stationery, precious metals, jewelry, art works, clocks, eyeglasses, cameras, video tapes, CD software, DVD software, sports equipment, leisure goods, toys, electric applied toys, game software, musical instruments, gardening supplies, carpentry, pet-related goods, tobacco, smoking goods, fuels, bicycles, automobiles, toilet paper, tissue paper, paper diapers, etc.
Restaurants and Café:	restaurants, coffee shops, sushi bars, and other food and beverage services for shoppers.

1. Classification of Commodities

2. The Regional Bureaus of the Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry and Special ward of Tokyo and ordinance-designated city

(1) The Bureaus of Economy, Trade and Industry are as follows:

Hokkaido Bureau of Economy, Trade and Industry: Hokkaido Tohoku Bureau of Economy, Trade and Industry: Aomori, Iwate, Miyagi, Akita, Yamagata, and Fukushima Prefecture Kanto Bureau of Economy, Trade and Industry: Ibaraki, Tochigi, Gunma, Saitama, and Chiba Prefecture, Tokyo Metropolis, Kanagawa, Niigata, Yamanashi, Nagano, and Shizuoka Prefecture Chubu Bureau of Economy, Trade and Industry: Toyama, Ishikawa, Gifu, Aichi, and Mie Prefecture Kansai Bureau of Economy, Trade and Industry: Fukui, Shiga, Kyoto, Osaka, Hyogo, Nara, and Wakayama Prefecture

Chugoku Bureau of Economy, Trade and Industry: Tottori, Shimane, Okayama, Hiroshima, and Yamaguchi Prefecture Shikoku Bureau of Economy, Trade and Industry: Tokushima, Kagawa, Ehime, and Kochi Prefecture Kyushu Bureau of Economy, Trade and Industry: Fukuoka, Saga, Nagasaki, Kumamoto, Oita, Miyazaki, and Kagoshima Prefecture Okinawa Department of Economy, Trade and Industry: Okinawa Prefecture

(2) Special ward of Tokyo and ordinance-designated city are as follows:

Sapporo city, Sendai city, Saitama city, Chiba city, Tokyo(Wards), Yokohama city, Kawasaki city, Sagamihara city, Niigata city, Shizuoka city, Hamamatsu city, Nagoya city, Kyoto city, Osaka city, Sakai city, Kobe city, Okayama city, Hiroshima city, Fukuoka city, Kitakyushu city, Kumamoto city

Figures of "Excluding special ward of Tokyo and ordinance-designated city" were deleted from 2007 year book.

Figures of "Special ward of Tokyo and ordinance-designated city" were deleted from 2010 year book.

3. Secrecy

When the number of establishments is one or two in a prefecture, bureau or city, values are not be disclosed in order to protect the privacy of the declarant(s). Even if there are three or more establishments, numbers may not be disclosed for the same reason.

4. Existing establishments

When the definition of establishments to be surveyed is changed, or such establishments are opened or closed, changes from the same month of the preceding year are calculated only with regard to establishments surveyed both in the year and in the preceding year. Changes from the preceding year (fiscal year, same quarter) are calculated by adding up monthly sales of existing establishments.

5. Numbers for Year (Fiscal Year) and Quarter

The number of establishments, the number of employees and the sales floor area are those existing at the end of the year (fiscal year) and quarter.

The number of operating days is the total of monthly average operating days.

Monthly average operating days = total operating days / number of establishments

6. Linked coefficients

As a change was made to revise the establishments from the July 2013 survey on, there exists some discontinuity between the time series of monthly sales, etc. up to June 2013. Therefore, the monthly sales, etc., up to June 2013 are to be multiplied by the linked coefficients to connect those of July 2013 survey with those afterwards. The linked coefficients are released as "Reference table 1 Table of Coefficients for Continuity of Large-scale retail store sales".

V. Convenience Store Sales

This statistical table includes the results of Questionnaire D (see 1-7-(4)), showing trends in the sales of commodities by convenience stores.

1. Scope of Survey

The survey covers the headquarters of convenience store chains which meet our requirements.

2. Starting Month and Period of Survey

Although we started the survey in October 1998, we surveyed the sales from April 1998 and the changes from the same month of the preceding year.

3. Classification of Commodities

The following merchandise classification is used for these statistical tables:

Merchandise		Examples of contents
classification, etc		
Sales	Fast food and	Rice-based food (sushi, boxed lunches, rice balls, etc.), bread, bread-based food, daily side
of	daily-delivered	dishes, pickles, vegetables, fruit, products stored in water (tofu, etc.), pre-cooked noodles,
Goods	foods	processed meat (ham, sausages, bacons, etc.), milk, dairy beverages, dairy products (butter,
		cheese, etc.), fish-paste foods (chikuwa, kamaboko, etc.), perishable sweets (Japanese and
		Western-style sweets, such as cakes), salads, desserts (custard puddings, jellies, yogurt, etc.), etc.
	Processed	Sweets (other than perishables), soft drinks (other than dairy beverages), alcoholic drinks
	foods:	(Japanese sake, whiskey, wine, etc.), seasonings (miso, soy sauce, umami seasonings, sauces,
		etc.), "personal preference foods" (coffee, tea, etc.), cooking salt, sugar, kitchen oils, rice, dried
		provisions, various canned food and food in jars, frozen food, ice cream, pouch-packed food,
		instant food, dried seasoned laver, etc.
	Non-food:	Magazines, books, newspapers, apparel, bags, stationery, brushes, toys, sundry goods, tobacco,
		pet food, dry batteries, tapes, compact disks, light bulbs/fluorescent lights, pocket calculators,
		fuel, dolls, sunglasses, footwear, gardening supplies, game software, fireworks, detergents,
		toiletries, medicines, nutrition-supplement drink, pottery and china, glassware, hardware, paper
		goods, films, postal stamps, postcards, revenue stamps, accessories, etc.
Service	sales:	Copies, facsimiles, home delivery services, gift certificates, passenger tickets, various kinds of
		tickets, telephone cards, lotteries, DPE, rentals, airline tickets, hotel tickets, laundry services, etc.

Note: Service sales do not include money received from shoppers to cover costs of public utilities, such as electricity bills, gas bills, fees for television broadcasting, telephone bills, water bills, etc.

4. The Regional Bureaus of the Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry

The Bureaus of Economy, Trade and Industry are as follows:

Hokkaido Bureau of Economy, Trade and Industry:

Hokkaido

Tohoku Bureau of Economy, Trade and Industry:

Aomori, Iwate, Miyagi, Akita, Yamagata, and Fukushima Prefecture

Kanto Bureau of Economy, Trade and Industry:

Ibaraki, Tochigi, Gumma, Saitama, and Chiba Prefecture, Tokyo Metropolis, Kanagawa, Niigata, Yamanashi, Nagano, and Shizuoka Prefecture

Chubu Bureau of Economy, Trade and Industry:

Toyama, Ishikawa, Gifu, Aichi, and Mie Prefecture

Kansai Bureau of Economy, Trade and Industry:

Fukui, Shiga, Kyoto, Osaka, Hyogo, Nara, and Wakayama Prefecture

Chugoku Bureau of Economy, Trade and Industry:

Tottori, Shimane, Okayama, Hiroshima, and Yamaguchi Prefecture

Shikoku Bureau of Economy, Trade and Industry:

Tokushima, Kagawa, Ehime, and Kochi Prefecture

Kyushu Bureau of Economy, Trade and Industry:

Fukuoka, Saga, Nagasaki, Kumamoto, Oita, Miyazaki, and Kagoshima Prefecture

Okinawa Department of Economy, Trade and Industry:

Okinawa Prefecture

5. Existing Establishments

When the definition of establishments to be surveyed is changed, or such establishments are opened or closed, changes from the same month of the preceding year are calculated only with regard to establishments surveyed both in the year and in the preceding year. Changes from the preceding year (fiscal year, same quarter) are calculated by adding up monthly sales of existing establishments.

6. Linked coefficients

As a change was made to revise the establishments from the January 2012 survey on, there exists some discontinuity between the time series of monthly sales, etc. up to December 2011. Therefore, the monthly sales, etc., up to December 2011 are to be multiplied by the linked coefficients to connect those of January 2012 survey with those afterwards. The linked coefficients are released as "Reference table2 Table of Coefficients for Continuity of Convenience store's Sales".

VI. Indices

Hokkaido

Tohoku

Chubu

Kansai

Chugoku

Shikoku

Kyushu • Okinawa

Kanto

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1. Method of calculating Original indices

Original indices are indexed with the base year average sales value as 100. Since January 2013, Original indices are calculated using 2010C.Y. average sales value as 100. 2005C.Y. average sales value as follows:

Total38, 470, 230-Wholesale27, 096, 955Xaparel, apparel accessories and notions261, 093Apparel, apparel accessories and notions553, 535Apgricultural, animal and poultry farm and aquatic products2, 214, 760Food and beverages3, 195, 821Food and beverages3, 195, 821Chemicals and related products1, 533, 492Minerals and metals1, 254, 861Chemicals and related products1, 134, 447General machinery and equipment6, 226, 483Motor vehicles1, 144, 447Motor vehicles1, 144, 447Miscellaneous machinery and equipment584, 260Furniture, fictures and house furnishings264, 447Drugs and toiletries1, 983, 518Cherical machinery and equipment584, 260Furniture, fictures and house furnishings264, 447Drugs and toiletries1, 983, 518Retail11, 373, 275Retail trade (food and beverages)880, 165Retail trade (food and beverages)3, 566, 179Other retail5, 836, 873	①Commercial sales value		(2)Large-Scale retail store sales	value
- Wholesale27,096,955- Wholesale trade, General merchandise2,957,651- Textile products261,093- Apparel, apparel accessories and notions553,535- Agricultural, animal and poultry farm and aquatic products2,214,760- Food and beverages3,195,821- Building materials1,254,861- Chemicals and related products1,533,495- Minerals and metals4,195,720- Wholesale trade (machinery and equipment)6,226,483 General machinery and equipment1,134,447 Miscellaneous machinery and equipment584,260 Furniture, fictures and house furnishings264,447 Other wholesale2,455,577- Retail1,090,041 Retail trade (food and beverages)3,566,196		38, 470, 230		1
 Function of the second secon		27, 096, 955		· · ·
 Apparel, apparel accessories and notions Agricultural, animal and poultry farm and aquatic products Food and beverages Building materials Chemicals and related products Minerals and metals Chemicals and related products Wholesale trade (machinery and equipment) General machinery and equipment General machinery and equipment Supermarkets General machinery and equipment Supermarkets General machinery and equipment Supermarkets <li< td=""><td> Wholesale trade, General merchandise </td><td>2,957,651</td><td>1</td><td>,</td></li<>	 Wholesale trade, General merchandise 	2,957,651	1	,
 Agricultural, animal and poultry farm and aquatic products Food and beverages Building materials Chemicals and related products Minerals and metals Chemicals and related products Minerals and metals Minerals and metals Motor vehicles Electrical machinery and equipment Supermarkets Department stores Beverages Supermarkets Department stores Supermarkets Supermarkets	•	261,093	- Supermarkets	1,077,184
 Food and beverages Building materials Chemicals and related products Minerals and metals Minerals and metals Mholesale trade (machinery and equipment) General machinery and equipment Hatter and the state of the state of		553, 535	Clothes	396, 540
Food and beverages3, 195, 821Building materials1, 254, 861Chemicals and related products1, 533, 492Minerals and metals4, 195, 720Wholesale trade (machinery and equipment)6, 226, 483General machinery and equipment1, 134, 447Motor vehicles1, 146, 794Electrical machinery, equipment and supplies3, 360, 982Furniture, fictures and house furnishings264, 447Drugs and toiletries1, 983, 518Other wholesale2, 455, 577-Retail11, 373, 275Retail trade, general merchandise1, 090, 041Retail trade (food and beverages)3, 566, 196		2, 214, 760	- Department stores	266 129
 Chemicals and related products Minerals and metals Wholesale trade (machinery and equipment) General machinery and equipment Harrow 1, 234, 861 State 1, 533, 492 Wholesale trade (machinery and equipment) General machinery and equipment Harrow 1, 533, 492 General machinery and equipment Harrow 1, 533, 492 General machinery, equipment and supplies State 1, 146, 794 Supermarkets Supermarkets Beverages Supermarkets Supermarkets Beverages Supermarkets <l< td=""><td><u> </u></td><td>3, 195, 821</td><td>1</td><td>· ·</td></l<>	<u> </u>	3, 195, 821	1	· ·
 Minerals and metals Wholesale trade (machinery and equipment) General machinery and equipment Harrow 1, 134, 447 General machinery and equipment Harrow 1, 134, 447 Motor vehicles Harrow 1, 146, 794 Department stores Supermarkets Supermarkets Supermarkets Supermarkets Supermarkets Supermarkets Harrow 1, 146, 794 Supermarkets Supermarkets Supermarkets Harrow 1, 146, 794 Supermarkets Harrow 1, 146, 794 Supermarkets Harrow 1, 146, 794 Harrow 1, 146, 7	6		1	,
 Wholesale trade (machinery and equipment) General machinery and equipment Motor vehicles Motor vehicles Supermarkets Super			Food & Beverages	860, 007
 - General machinery and equipment - Motor vehicles - Electrical machinery, equipment and supplies - Electrical machinery and equipment - Miscellaneous machinery and equipment - Furniture, fictures and house furnishings - Other wholesale - Other wholesale - Retail - Retail trade, general merchandise - Retail trade (dry goods, apparel and apparel accessories) - Retail trade (food and beverages) - Retail trade (food and beverages)<			- Department stores	164, 109
 General machinery and equipment Motor vehicles Motor vehicles Supermarkets Supermarkets			- Supermarkets	695, 899
 Motor ventices Electrical machinery, equipment and supplies Miscellaneous machinery and equipment Furniture, fictures and house furnishings Drugs and toiletries - Other wholesale Retail Retail trade, general merchandise Retail trade (dry goods, apparel and apparel accessories) Retail trade (food and beverages) Retail trade (food and beverages) Retail trade (food and beverages) 	· · ·			· ·
 - Miscellaneous machinery and equipment - Furniture, fictures and house furnishings - Drugs and toiletries - Other wholesale - Other wholesale - Retail - Retail trade, general merchandise - Retail trade (dry goods, apparel and apparel accessories) - Retail trade (food and beverages) - Netail trade (food and beverages) - Retail trade (food and beverages) 				,
- - Furniture, fictures and house furnishings 264, 447 - - Drugs and toiletries 1, 983, 518 - - Other wholesale 2, 455, 577 - Retail 11, 373, 275 - - Retail trade, general merchandise 1, 090, 041 - - Retail trade (dry goods, apparel and apparel accessories) 880, 165 - - Retail trade (food and beverages) 3, 566, 196			-	139, 909
 Drugs and toiletries Other wholesale Astronomic State Other wholesale Astronomic State Retail II, 373, 275 Retail trade, general merchandise Output (optimized and apparel and apparel accessories) Retail trade (food and beverages) Astronomic State Astronomic State Astronomic State Description D			- Supermarkets	250, 874
-Other wholesale2, 455, 577-Retail11, 373, 275Retail trade, general merchandise1, 090, 041Retail trade (dry goods, apparel and apparel accessories)880, 165Retail trade (food and beverages)3, 566, 196		-		
- Retail 11, 373, 275 - Retail trade, general merchandise 1, 090, 041 - Retail trade (dry goods, apparel and apparel accessories) 880, 165 - Retail trade (food and beverages) 3, 566, 196	0			
- Retail trade, general merchandise 1,090,041 - Retail trade (dry goods, apparel and apparel accessories) 880,165 - Retail trade (food and beverages) 3,566,196				
 Retail trade (dry goods, apparel and apparel accessories) Retail trade (food and beverages) 3, 566, 196 				
Retail trade (food and beverages) 3, 566, 196		1,090,041		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-		
Other retail 5, 836, 873				
		5, 836, 873		
Retail trade (motor vehicles) 1, 329, 322				
Appliance stores 793, 001	11			
Fuel stores 1, 074, 900				
Other retail (including Drug and Toiletry stores) 2, 639, 651	Other retail (including Drug and Toiletry stores)	2, 639, 651		
③Sales value of convinience stores	③Sales value of convinience stores			
Total 676, 134	010,101			
- Sales of goods 646, 820	.			
- Fast foods & daily foods 228, 762 - Processed foods 201, 364	,			
- Processed foods 201, 364 - - Non-foods 216, 695	201,001			
- Sales of services 29, 314	210,000			

2. Method of calculating Seasonal adjustment indices

The calculation method of seasonal indices for Commercial Sales Statistics (commercial sales indices for each industry, large-scale retailers' sales indices by business type, by product, and convenience store's sales indices by goods and services) was changed from the previous MITI Method III R to X-12-ARIMA, the Method of the U.S. Bureau of the Census, effective from the preliminary report for January, 1999.

36,709

46, 431

315, 910

71, 184

100,867

36.744

10,679

57,611

Consequently, the new seasonal indices have been adjusted not only for the seasons but also for the day of the week and holidays and leap-year. Details are as follows:

Seasonally adjusted indices = Original indices ÷ (Seasonal indices x Day of week/holiday/leap-year indices). The spec files of retail adopted X-12-ARIMA as follows:

{start=2007.1 span=(2007.1,2014.12) decimals=1}
{function=log}
$\{\text{model}=(110)(011)\} \leftarrow \text{Refer to page 16,17 about the other type of business}$
{variables=(td1coef \leftarrow Refer to page 16,17 about the other type of business
TC2011.Mar AO2014.Mar TC2014.Mar)
{maxlead=12}
{save=(mdl)
maxiter=500}
{appendfcst=yes
print=(none+d10+d11+d16+d18)
save=(d10 d11 d16 d18)
seasonalma=x11default}

VII. Reference Current Survey of Mass merchandise specialty retailers

These statistical tables are based on the results of the Current Survey of Mass Merchandise Specialty Retailers (general statistical survey) under the Statistics Act and the outline is as follows.

1. Survey Purpose

It is aimed at finding out the sales trend of large-scale speciality retailers for home electric appliances, drugstores and home improvement stores.

2. Scope of survey

(1) Large-scale speciality retailers for home electric appliances

Businesses that have establishments classified as "5931 Electrical appliance stores, except secondhand goods" or "5932 Office machinery of electric appliance stores, except secondhand goods" in the Japan Standard Industrial Classification and have 10 or more large-scale speciality retailers for home electric appliances with 500 m^2 or more sales floor space.

(2) Drugstores

Businesses that have establishments classified as "6031 drugstores" in the Japan Standard Industrial Classification (revised in November 2007) and have 50 or more drugstores or have 10 billion yen or more annual sales of drugstores.

(3) Home improvement stores

Businesses that have establishments classified as "6091 Home improvement stores" in the Japan Standard Industrial Classification (revised in November 2007) and have 10 or more home improvement stores or have 20 billion yen or more annual sales of home improvement stores.

3. Starting Month

Although we started the survey in January 2014

4. Classification of Commodities

Classifications of goods used in the statistical tables are as follows.

Category	Examples
AV home electronics	TV, projector (CRT, LCD, PDP), video disk, BD/DVD (player, recorder), BS/CS devices, stereo, speakers, AV editing device, radio/portable radio, GPS navigation, headphones, microphone, AV connected device, electronic instruments, VTR, portable audio device, home audio device, media cleaner, etc.
Information appliances	PC/PC accessories (Desktop PC, laptop, tablet terminal, monitor, printer), games and related devices, electronic organizer and dictionary, photocopier and shredder, etc.
Communication appliances	Mobile communication devices (mobile phone, personal wireless communication, data communication card and terminal), telephone, fax, etc.
Cameras	Video camera and player, digital still cameras (compact camera, SLR), camera accessories, interchangeable lenses, etc.
Home electric appliances	Home and cooking electric appliances (washing machine, clothes dryer, futon drying machine, refrigerator and freezer, rice cooker, microwave, oven, dishwasher and dryer, electromagnetic cooker, cooking heater, bread machine, toaster, electric rice cooker, thermos pot, electric kettle, gas stove, electric hot plate and pots, juicer and blender, coffee maker, rice cake machine, rice sweeper, domestic garbage treatment machine, water purifier and cartridge, iron and trouser press, cleaner, steam and high-pressure water jet cleaner, vacuum cleaner, etc.)
	Hair and health appliances (shaver, hair dryer, hairdressing appliances, face care appliances, body care appliances, haircut appliances, electric tooth brush, electric measuring equipment (blood pressure meter, thermometer, pedometer, etc.), fitness equipment, electric massage equipment and treatment device, inhaler, etc.)
	Air conditioning and seasonal electric appliances (air conditioning, cooler and cooling fan, electric fan, extractor fan, air cleaner, dehumidifier/humidifier, oil heater, hot water room heater, electric heater, electric stove, kotatsu, electric carpet, electric blanket, etc.)
Others	Warm water flushing toilet, 24-hour bath, door phone with monitor, fire alarm, lighting equipment, batteries, tube bulb, piping equipment, natural refrigerant heat pump system, etc.

Large-scale speciality retailers for home electric appliances

Drugstore

Category	Examples
Dispensing pharmaceutical products	Ethical drugs, Chinese herbal medicine and natural remedies that are dispensed based on doctor's prescription
OTC medical products	Pharmaceutical products (excluding those prescribed by doctors), Chinese herbal medicine (excluding those prescribed by doctors) and natural remedies (excluding those prescribed by doctors), etc. Cold medicine, digestive medicine, eye drops, skin treatment medicine, poultice, analeptic (pharmaceutical products), etc.
Health care (sanitary goods),	Health care (absorbent cotton, bandage, dressing, supporter, mask, thermometer, paper diapers, pesticide (excluding agricultural and industrial pesticides), contact lense cleaner and soaking solution, sanitary goods, etc.
nursing care, and	Nursing care items (adult diapers, urine absorbent pads, nursing care products, canes, nursing care food, etc.)
baby products	Baby products (baby formula, baby food, baby drink, nappies, feeding equipment, etc.)
Health foods	Health foods, nutritional supplements, diet food, etc.
Beauty care	Cosmetics (lipstick, foundation, lotion, fragrance, men's cosmetics, bath products, etc.)
(cosmetic products and goods)	Beauty care goods (beauty goods, make-up brush, cotton, sponge, eyelash extensions, nail extensions, artificial fingernails, oil-absorbent paper, hair comb, etc.)
Toiletry goods	Tooth paste, tooth brush, shampoo, conditioner, shower gel, hair color, bath salt, hand soap, soap (beauty soap, face wash, bath soap, medicated soap), etc.

Household	Household utensils (bath, toilet and kitchen equipment, fabric, pots, kettles, kitchen knives, tableware, desk items, cleaning equipment, packaging, maintenance and emergency supplies, evacuation apparatus, etc.)
utensils, daily	Daily supplies (washing detergent, insect repellent, toilet papers, fragrance, washing liquid, tissue papers, etc.)
necessities, pet products	Pet products (pet and domestic animals (animals, fish, birds, reptiles, etc.), pet and animal food (pet food), fish tank, bird cage, pet house (doghouse, nest box, etc.), pet accessories (collar, clothes, etc.), medical products for pets, animal shampoo, pet leads, pet sheets, carry case, etc.)
Food	Snacks, rice, drink, daily foods, processed foods, alcohol, frozen food, etc.
Other products	Clothes, shoes, bags, books, stationery, toys, etc.

Home improvement stores

Category	Examples
	Tools (carpenter's tools, working tools, welding tools, measuring tools, plasterer's tools, piping tools, maintenance tools, tool kit, tool storing goods, etc.)
	Electric tools (electric tools including sharp end), air tools, engine tools and cargo handling machines for construction, electrical engineering tools (cable, floodlight, etc.), expendable supplies for cutting tools, etc.
	Work supplies (work clothes, work shoes, socks, gloves, safety shoes, aprons, etc.)
	Finishing hardware (metal connection, metal fittings (ornamental metal), crime prevention metal fittings, wire netting, wires, door wheel, casters, consumable fitting, spare parts, chains, etc.)
DIY tools and	Paint and painting tools (paint, varnish, lacquer, painting equipment, painting machine, preservatives, insect repellent and preservative coating, etc.)
materials	Adhesives and packing materials (glue, filling, tapes, packing materials, repairing agents (household cements and tiles), ropes, etc.)
	Wood and construction materials (wood, plywood, various new construction materials, soundproof insulation material, door parts, closet, gutters and fittings, screen doors, acryl materials, plastic materials, structural steels, drainboard, family alter, crafts, craft parts, shelf receiving members, leg members, flooring, ceiling materials, wall painting materials, etc.)
	Water, gas and piping (kitchen and bathroom fittings, water pipes, gas equipment, kitchen and bathroom repair parts, etc.) Housing and facility equipment (bath, toilet and toilet seat, deodorizing and ventilating device, system kitchen, hot-water supply system, gas fittings, basement storage, washroom device, etc.)
Electric	Lights and lighting (connection wires, tools and materials, antenna, lighting equipment, tapes, batteries, bulbs, intercommunication phone, extractor fan, assembling sound system, security device, etc.)
appliances	Electric appliances (TV, radio, washing machine, refrigerator, air conditioner, kettle, pot, cooking appliances, telephone, fax, word processor, hair dressing equipment, clock, calculator, CD player, camera, video players, etc.)
Interiors	Interiors (interior finish (ceiling, wall, floor), wallpapers, curtain, blinds, carpet, artificial grass, partitions, shoji screen, fusuma sliding doors, room accessories, table cloth, legless chairs, rush, wisteria and bamboo products, etc.)
	Furniture and storage (assembly furniture, chair, desk, rack, storage such as closet, cupboard, etc.)
Household	Household utensils (bath, toilet and kitchen equipment, fabric, pots, kettles, kitchen knives, tableware, desk items, cleaning equipment, packaging, maintenance and emergency supplies, evacuation apparatus, etc.)
utensils and daily necessities	Daily consumable supplies (washing detergent, insect repellent, toilet papers, fragrance, washing liquid, washing detergent, shampoo, sanitary goods, notions, cosmetics, tissue papers, etc.)
	Exteriors (gates, fences, carport, balcony, stepladder, ladder, rainwater and water supply/drainage equipment, wagon, outdoor facility materials, terrace, garden equipment (incinerator, bamboo sweeper, etc.), garden furniture, clothes-line, barn, hothouse, concrete products, natural stones, pebbles, etc.)
Gardening and exteriors	Horticultural living organisms (raw food, seeds and seedlings, bulbs, foliage plants, flowers, flower seedlings, vegetable seedlings, young trees, garden trees, pot plants, etc.)
	Gardening equipment (fertilizer, soil, pesticide, farming tools, gardening materials, water sprinkler, garden device, pots, hothouse, gardening tools, etc.

Pet and pet products	Pet products, pet food and living animals (dog, cat, bird, aquarium fish, insects, etc.)
Car supplies and outdoor goods	Car supplies (maintenance equipment and materials, oil, tires, wheels, car audio and video device, navigator, car accessories, electric apparatus, car air conditioning, motorbike supplies, various parts and supplies etc.)
	Bicycle and related parts/supplies, children's vehicles, strollers, etc.
	Leisure and sports supplies (Sporting articles, health building and maintenance articles, nursing care products, outdoor products, camping equipment, leisure items, beach items, etc.)
Office products and hobbies	Education and entertainment (hobby and craft products, toys, stationeries, books, CD, audio tape, video, etc.) office supplies
Others	Sales of clothes, food, drinks, alcohol, drugs, kerosene, cigarettes, etc. * Excluding extension and reconstruction, house reform (extension, reconstruction, design, construction, various intermediate work), other services (delivery, rental, spare key, etc.), sales in the service department of amusement facilities.

VIII. Other Remarks

1. The following symbols are used in the statistical tables of this Monthly Report to denote the words introduced by a colon:

-: No record ...: Unknown 0: Less than a unit p: Preliminary figures r: Revised figures x: Concealed to protect confidential information of the respondents.

2. Numbers may not add up exactly to totals because of rounding.

3. Sales figures include consumption tax.

4. The retail sales value by regional bureaus of METI is released as "Reference table 3" from 2010 year book.

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6. Inquiries:

Please contact the following for any question concerning the contents of this Report:

Office of Current Survey for Service Industry Research and Statistics Department Minister's Secretariat Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry Kasumigaseki 1 - 3 – 1 Chiyodaku, Tokyo 100-8902 Japan Tel:03-3501-1511 (ext. 2898,2899) mail: qqcebj@meti.go.jp http://www.meti.go.jp/english/statistics/index.html

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